B.S.A
Prices GREATLY REDUCED
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co. Hornby Rd., Fort, B'bay.

The Bombay Chronicle

B.S.A
PRICES
Greatly Reduced
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIII NO. 246— BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1925. ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES. All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
17th Oct.	MOOLTANx		20,847
24th "	RAWALPINDI		16,100
31st "	RAZMAK	MALWA*	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI		16,100
14th "	RAZMAK	MALOJAx	20,837
21st "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
28th "	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA		16,100
12th "	CHINA	NALDERA x	15,993
19th "	DEVANHA		8,151
26th "	RAZMAK	MOREA*	10,919
1926.			
2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI		16,100
9th "	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th "	RANCHI		16,100
23rd "	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,089
30th "	KAISAR-I-HIND.		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th "	RANPURA		16,585
20th "	RAZMAK	MALWA*	10,941
27th "	RAJPUTANA		16,100
6th March	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,837
13th "	RAWALPINDI		16,100
20th "	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	10,902
27th "	RANCHI		16,100
31st "	CHINA†		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	15,993
10th "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
17th "	RAZMAK	MOREA*	10,919
24th "	RANPURA		16,585
1st May.	RAZMAK	NARKUNDAx	16,227
8th "	RAJPUTANA		16,100
15th "	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA	11,089
22nd "	RAWALPINDI		16,100
29th "	RAZMAK	MOOLTAN	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from Ind'a.

*Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

† S. S. "China", 31st March, extra Steamer at following reduced rates :—

1st Saloon to London £ 80, £ 70, & £ 60.
" " " Marseilles " 72, " 62, & " 56.
2nd Saloon to London £ 54, and £ 52.
" " " Marseilles " 50, " " 48.

The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.

Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the 'China.' on the 31st March 1926

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
12th Nov.	MERKARA	8,285
26th "	MADURA	8,975
10th Dec.	MARGHA	8,278
1926		
14th Jan.	WARFIELD*	6,060
4th Feb.	GHARINDA*	5,306
18th "	GOLCONDA*	5,316
18th March	DOMALA	8,441
8th April	MARGHA	8,274
29th "	DUMANA	8,427
20th May	WARFIELD*	6,060
10th June	Cargo Steamer	

* Cargo Vessels only; will not convey passengers

P & O SAILING TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

27th Oct.	TAKADA connecting at Colombo with MOLDAVIA	Colombo Australia
10th Nov.	SOUDAN connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA	Straits, China, Japan Australia
24th "	SICILA*	Straits, China, Japan
22nd Dec.	DELTA connecting at Colombo with MONGOLIA	Straits, China, Japan Australia

*Will not convey passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Date about	Steamers.	Destination.
23rd Octr	VARNA	Bussrah via Karachi
17th "	CHAKLA	Karachi and Kathiawar Coastports
19th "	VITA	Karachi and Kathiawar Coastports
24st "	BANKURA	Bussrah via Karachi & P. Gulf ports
28th Oct.	KHANDALLA	East & S. Arabia.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every weeks. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Bussreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN:

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.
Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

"TALLYPATHY"! "YOGASADHAN"!!

OR

"KARANAPISHACHA'!!!

1. Even the wisest are at a loss to understand what ways and methods:—

THE REPRESENTATIVE IN BOMBAY

IN HIS SHORT STAY

OF THE

The Universal Astrological & Statistical Bureau.

INDORE CITY, C. I.

2. With the help of Physionomy, Palmistry, Astrology and horoscope if available unvails the events of past, present, circumstances and future like the X-Rays to very clear details, which can not be had from anywhere in the world!

3. In all matters, sudden gains, losses, law suits, examination results, marriage, journey, love affairs, diseases and their attacks with dates, months, times to every day events! And in one minute!!!

PEOPLE ARE REALLY SURPRISED!!

NON-BELIEVERS RAMPANT! ASTROLOGY TRIUMPHANT.

LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND STUDENTS

ARE

FLOCKING NIGHT AND DAY!

CHARGES SUITABLE ALL POCKETS
Rs. 1, 3, 5 and 10.

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TO MEMBERS

Paying in advance annually:
3rd Class Rs. 25 complete annual and 5 years' Life Reading.

2nd Class Rs. 50 complete annual and 5 years' Life Reading, in more details.

1st Class Rs. 100 complete annual and 5 years' Life Reading full particulars.

Special Rs. 500 and upwards full particulars.

CONSULTING HOURS:

WATSON HOTEL ROOM 111, BOMBAY
8 to 10 a.m.
8 to 10 p.m. and
12 to 5 p.m. on Holidays.
AND
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDING,
2nd floor, Tamarind Lane, Fort.
12 to 5 p.m.

Bureau's forecasts are world-renowned! It is to your misfortune if you miss the opportunity!

AMRUTANJAN

is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact

AMRUTANJAN

Is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly

CURES ALL

aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chiblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.

Sold Everywhere.

It kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAINS

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane — — — FORT, BOMBAY
Branches:—GIRGAUM, MANDVI and POONA CITY.
Assets exceed Rs. 50,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.

ON DAILY BALANCES

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.

DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3
BRANCHES:

Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,900,000
Reserved Fund ..... £ 300,000
Reserved Liability of Shareholders £1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G. Deputy Chairman,
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Capt. R. E. Sassoon, M.C.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	40,00,000
Capital Called Up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad	Fyzabad	Moradabad
Allahabad City	Gorakhpur	Muscoorie
Amritsar	Hapur	Muttra
Bareilly	Hathras	Nagpur
Benares	Jhansi	Naini Tal
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Patna
Cawnpore	Lahore	Rae Bareli
Cawnpore City	Aminabad Park	Raipur
Chandausi	Lucknow	Rangoon
Dehra Dun	Lucknow City	Shahjahanpur
Delhi	Lyallpur	Sitapur
Etawah	Meerut	

CORRESPONDENTS.
In all the principal towns throughout India.
LONDON BANKERS:
The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.
Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realized.
Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currency Notes of any circle. Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Account free of charge.
Banking business of every description transacted.
Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.
Passenger Letters of Credit are issued available for use on board P. and O. British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. and O Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.

T. L. FOREMAN.
Agent, Bombay Branch.

Allahabad Bank Building,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE.
APOLLO STREET,

BRANCHES:
Byculla—Opposite Parsi Statue.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.
SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITS—Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000, in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000, the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Bank Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank accounts and at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. G. RIDLAND.
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 30-6-25	30,80,306
Reserve Fund	25,60,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa City	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montgomery
Amballa Cant.	Jullundur	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Cawnpore	Jammu	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Peshawar Cant
Delhi	Karachi	Patiala
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Quetta
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Rawalpindi
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sargodha
Gojra	Ludhiana	Sialkot
Hafizabad	Meerut City.	Sim'a
		Srinagar

London Agents:
THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, LD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

R. J. KHANNA,
Manager.

Akber Building.,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

EYE TROUBLES

of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Cornea Ulcer, redness etc. Even Cataract Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand "Lotus Money"—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Trial Solicited. Dram Rs. 2-8. 2 Drams Rs 4-0 Ask free particulars to—
NEW FORMULA Co., B. and O. OFFICE
Kandi, Bengal, India.
Tele "Ulcer," Kandi.

INSURANCE.

THE

Guaranteed Option Policy

ISSUED BY THE

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Established 1897)

IS THE LATEST AND BEST SCHEME
FOR MAKING PROVISION FOR ONE'S OLD AGE & FAMILY

PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION

Head Office: 21½, *Hornby Road, Bombay.* *Allum, Bharucha & Co., Managers.*

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
BRANCHES: Calcutta & Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 per cent per annum from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN LONDON.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserved Fund	83,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seattle
Buenos Aires	London	San Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singarang
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonoseki
Fengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau.
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO,
Manager,
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 287.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	...	Rs. 1,19,70,000
Paid-up Capital	...	Rs. 59,85,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June, 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVING BANK.

Interest allowed at 3½ per cent. Withdrawals twice a week.

Every description of Banking Business transacted.

Managing Agents,

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY.

SO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH THE

INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(Head Office: 2, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.)
A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN
MANAGED BY INDIANS.

Apply for particulars to—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Telephone No. 1220.

THE ONLY INVESTMENT WHICH DOES NOT DEPRECIATE IN VALUE IS A

Life Assurance Policy

INSURE WITH

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

67, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

INSURE

IN

LIGHT OF ASIA INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

WHICH OFFERS

THE BEST POLICY OF INSURANCE

OUR MULTI-BENEFIT POLICY.

The best terms for Policyholders.

The best terms for Agents.

WANTED reliable and PUSHING AGENTS in every District and Town of the Bombay Presidency, Central Provinces and Punjab.

Apply for all particulars to Head Office, Old Post Office St. CALCUTTA.

TO BACTERIOLOGISTS AND SURGEONS

WE SUPPLY DOUBLE DISTILLED WATER & SALINE SOLUTION for Intravenous or Rectal Injection in lb. Sterile bottles Re. 1, and in Sterilised Ampoules 15 c. c. for 3 As. each.

Apply—

S. N. GUNDI
SANDHURST ROAD, WEST,
BOMBAY, No. 4.

Telegram: GUNDICAL. Telephone. No. 4115.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 2420 OF 1922.

DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd. ... Plaintiffs.
Versus.
KARIM JIVAN ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 11th day of December, 1924, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 2nd day of November, 1925, at the hour of 4-30 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. I.

PROPERTIES IN THE VILLAGE OF VASNA MAKTAMPAR, AHMEDABAD.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Government land with messuages, tenements, buildings and wells thereon, situate at Mowji Vasna Maktampar Talooka, Peta Tookdi, North (Ootar) Daskarei Zilla Tokdi, Ahmedabad, in the Registration Sub-District of Ahmedabad and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue according to the following particulars:—

	Survey No.	Acre-Guh.	Akar.
1stly:—	16	6-12	25-0-0
2ndly:—	10	3-30	
3rdly:—	14	3-8	13-2-0
4thly:—	6	2-38	2-8-0
5thly:—	5	1-18	5-8-0
6thly:—	7	1-19	7-0-0
7thly:—	18	3-18	12-6-0
8thly:—	17	0-25	2-4-0
9thly:—	12	3-6	12-0-0
10thly —	15	3-11	9-12-0
11thly—	421	7-33	22-9-0
12thly —	422	0-34	2-10-0
	424	2-36	10-9-3
13thly—	426	3-5	11-10-0
14thly—	460	1-18	6-0-0
15thly—	21	1-17	6-4-0

LOT NO. II.

PROPERTIES IN THE VILLAGE OF FATEPUR, AHMEDABAD.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Government land situate at Mowji Fatepur Talooka, Talooka Peta Tookdi North Daskaroi Zilla Tookdi Ahmedabad in the Registration Sub-District of Ahmedabad and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue according to the following particulars:—

	Survey No.	Acre-Gun.	Akar.
1stly—Old 13 New 283		1-4	4-0 0
2ndly—Old 12 New 282		2-22	10-0-0
3rdly—Old 15 New 285	Paiki Guntha		
	0-34 Vingha 1½		4-0-0
Old 16 New 286		1-5	4 4 0
4thly—Old 14 New 284		1-16	4-0 0
Old 19 New 289		0-22	2-0-0
5thly—Old 14 New 284		0-29	2-10-0
6thly—Old 18 New 288		0-18	1-8-0
7thly—Old 17 New 287		1-2	4-0-0

LOT NO. III.

PROPERTY IN THE VILLAGE OF SEKHPUR KHANPUR, AHMEDABAD.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of leasehold land, situate at Mowji Sekhpur Khanpur Alias Navrangpura Talooka, Talooka Peta Tookdi North Daskaroi Zilla Tookdi, Ahmedabad in the village of Nisim registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under the following particulars.—

Survey No.	Acre-Gun.	Akar.	Prakar.
304	2-33	Chakri at 14-0-0	Chakri at

LOT NO. IV.

PROPERTIES IN THE VILLAGE OF PALADI KOCHRAB, AHMEDABAD.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Government land situate at Mowji Paldi Kochrab Talooka, Talooka Petta Tookdi North Daskaroi Zilla Tookdi, Ahmedabad in the Registration Sub-District of Ahmedabad and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue according to the following particulars:

	Survey No.	Acre-Gun.	Akar
1-tly—	73	2-34	
2ndly—	89	3 17	9-0-0
3rdly—	44	3-31	13-0-0
4thly—	51	4-0	13-0-0
5thly—	68	1-25	6-0-0
	69	2-36	9-0-0
6thly—	64	3-0	10-0-0
	65	2-14	6-0-0

ALL THOSE pieces or parcels of Government land together with well and factories and other Buildings thereon, situate at Mowje Paldi Talooka Petta Tookdi North Daskaroi Zilla Tookdi Ahmedabad in the Registration Sub-District of Ahmedabad and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue according to the following particulars:

	Survey No.	Acre Gun.	Akar.
	66	2-32	9-0-0
	67	3-33	16-0 0
8thly—	74	2-34	7-0-0
9thly—	70	2-7	7-0-0

LOT NO. V.

PROPERTY IN THE VILLAGE OF CHHADAVAD OR MADALPUR.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Government land, situate at Mowji Chhadvad or Madalpur Talooka, Talooka Petta Tookdi North Daskaroi Zilla Tookdi Ahmedabad in the Registration Sub-District of Ahmedabad and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue according to the following particulars:—

Survey No.	Acre-Gun.	Akar.
10	1-8	1-8-0
11		

LOT NO. VI.

PROPERTY NEAR DHEDWADA, RAJKOTE.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land, situate at the East side of Dhedwada near Rajkote Civil station and measuring 671 square yards 2 square feet and 126½ square inches in the native state of Rajkote with all the shops, structures, buildings, delas, godowns, staircases and underground cells with all the structures on the stories and registered by the Sir Nyayadish Rajkote state according to the following particulars:—

House No.	Sq. Yards.	Name.	East.	West.	South.	North.
	Sq. Feet. Sq. inches. 672 2 126½	Old Uttara of Junagadh.	Public Road leading to Morvi Station.	Borroteraland just in front and beyond that huts of Dheds.	Public passage.	Public way leading to Dhedwada.

LOT NO. VII.

PROPERTY NEAR CHAMARWADA, RAJKOTE.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land situate on the upper side of the river near Chamarwada, admeasuring 895 square yards and 6 square feet in the native state of Rajkote with the canning factory raised thereon with cottages, Delas and Stories and all structures on the stories with all the rights of the previous owner registered by the Sir Nyayadhish Rajkote State according to the following particulars:—

House No.	Sq. Yards.	Name.	East.	West.	South.	North.
	Sq. Feet. Sq. Inches 895 6	Cottages of Dheds.	Darbari Ravati riverside land.	Darbari Ravati land	Darbari Rabati land.	

LOT NO. VIII.

PROPERTY NEAR NAKA OF SARDHAR, RAJKOTE.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land, situate near the Naka of Sardhar in the Rajkote State, admeasuring 1033 square yards and 55 square inches with the buildings thereto known as the Old Uttara of Jamagadh State with all the structures raised thereon and registered by the Sir Nyayadish Rajkote State according to the following particulars:—

House No.	Sq. Yards.	Name.	East.	West.	South	North.
	Sq. Feet. Sq. Inches 1033 0 55	Old Uttara of Junagadh.	Houses of Memon Haji Ahmed and another and State Rowji land & Road.	Public Road.	Public Road and house of Memon Haji Ahmed.	Houses of Khumbar Dharamsi & another

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. WADIA GHANDY and CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs above-named at No. 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 3rd day of September, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion.
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2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
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4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3 8-0

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NOTICE.

MR. FRANCIS BODENHAM THORNELY has been admitted a Partner in our firm as from 1st of October, 1925.

P. CHRYSTAL & CO.,
R1980.

TIMBER FOR SALE.

AN AUCTION SALE of teak (logs and poles) Poomarudu, Venteak, Irul, etc. will be held at Beypore Government Timber Depot, near Feroke Railway Station, on the S. I. Ry., Malabar at noon and after on the 31st October, 1925.

For further particulars apply to the District Forest Officer, Nilambur, South Malabar. 24275

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE THANA ELECTRIC LICENSE.

WHEREAS MESSRS. P. PATEL & CO., of Abba Building, Carnac Road Bombay has applied for a license to supply Electrical energy to Thana City near Bombay, notice is hereby given that any local authority, Company or person desirous of making any representation with reference to the application may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government P.W.D., P.W.D. Secretariat, Fort, Bombay within three months from 15th October, 1925.

DRAFT LICENSE.

THE THANA ELECTRIC LICENSE, 1925.

License for the supply of electric energy granted by the Government of Bombay under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, as amended in 1922.

License is hereby granted to Messrs. Phiroze Erachshaw, Behramji Muncherji and Rustomji Pestonji, carrying on business under the name and style of P. Patel and Co. and having their present office at Abba Building, Carnac Road, Bombay, to supply electrical energy in the area with the powers and upon terms and conditions all specified below:—

SHORT TITLE.

1. This License may be cited as "The Thana Electric License, 1925."

INTERPRETATION.

2. The several terms, words and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, as amended in 1922, or by the Rules thereunder, meanings are assigned, shall have in this License the same respective meanings, provided that in this License:—

(1) The "Act" shall mean "the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, as amended in 1922" and

(2) The expression "the Licensee" shall mean and include Messrs. Phiroze Eruchshaw, Behramji Muncherji and Rustomji Pestonji carrying on business under the name and style of P. Patel and Co. and their permitted assigns, and

(3) The expression "Deposited Map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified, which has been deposited with Government in pursuance of the Rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Public Works Department and by the Licensees under the name and style of "P. Patel and Co." and

(4) The date of the notification by the Government of Bombay in the Bombay Government Gazette that this License has been granted, is in this License referred to as "the commencement of this License."

SECURITY.

3. (1) The period within which under clause 1 (a) of the Schedule to the Act the Licensees shall show that they are in a position fully and efficiently to discharge the duties and obligations imposed upon them by this License throughout the area of supply shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government of Bombay under that clause, be two years from the commencement of this License.

(2) The period within which under clause 1 (b) of the Schedule to the Act the Licensees shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government of Bombay under that clause, be six months from the commencement of this License and Rupees two thousand respectively.

AREA OF SUPPLY.

4. The area within which the supply of energy is authorised by this License is the whole of the area included in the town of Thana, including Nawpada, Kopri, and Chendni, the boundaries of which are delineated in the Deposited Map, and the area of supply is shown as surrounded by a green boundary line.

PURPOSES OF SUPPLY.

5. Subject to the provisions of this License and the Act and the Rules thereunder, the Licensees shall be entitled during the continuance of this License to supply energy within the area of supply for all purposes except in bulk to a distributing Licensee.

Provided that no supply of energy shall be commenced to be given by the Licensees to any owner or occupier of private premises until the Government of Bombay have approved the form of requisition to be made by such owner or occupier for such supply of energy and also the form of written contract or agreement with the Licensees to take a supply of energy, which is to be executed or entered into by such owner or occupier and until the Government of Bombay have also approved the amounts of all miscellaneous charges which the Licensees propose to make against such owner or occupier incidental to or in connection with such supply.

SYSTEMS OF SUPPLY.

6. (1) The systems of supply in pursuance of this License shall be alternating current, single or three phase system, with pressure at the consumer's terminals of 230 to 400 volts. Provided always that the Licensees may from time to time with the previous consent in writing of and subject to such limitations and conditions as shall be prescribed in writing by the Government of Bombay, adopt any other system of supply for the purpose of this License.

(2) The feeders, distributing mains and service lines may be aerial or underground in whole or in part and shall be erected, constructed and maintained by the Licensees in strict conformity with the Act and the Rules thereunder.

Provided that nothing in this License shall empower the Licensees to use overhead mains at any higher pressure than medium pressure without the sanction in writing of the Local Government in each case and subject to any conditions or limitations which the Local Government may prescribe.

(3) Where overhead mains carrying alternating current are used, due precautions shall be taken by the Licensees to avoid any possible interference with the adjacent telegraph or telephone circuits due to inductive effects.

(4) For the purpose of Rule 61 of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, the maximum wind pressure shall be taken as 15 lbs. per square foot.

AREA OF COMPULSORY SUPPLY.

7. (1) The works to be executed to the satisfaction of the Government of Bombay under clause IV of the Schedule to the Act are the following, viz. such works as may be required for the purpose of the general supply of electrical energy throughout such streets or part of streets as are mentioned in the annexure, (1) to this License, and marked red on the Deposited Map.

(2) If the Licensees fail to comply with the provisions of the sub-clause (1), the License may be revoked.

GENERATING STATION.

8. The Transforming and Distributing Stations shall be in the area of supply above referred to.

SUPPLY OF ENERGY.

9. The prices to be charged by the Licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed those stated in that behalf in the second annexure or in the case of a method of charge approved by Government in accordance with clause X of the Schedule to the Act, such maxima as the Government may fix on approving the method.

BREAKING UP OF RAILWAYS.

10. In pursuance of the provisions of Section 12 sub-section (5) of the Act the Licensees are hereby specially authorised within the area of supply to break up the soil and pavement of the portions of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway so far only as concerns level crossing and parts of the Railway running along the high way.

PURCHASE OF UNDERTAKING.

11. (1) The option of purchase given by section 7 of the Act shall first be exercisable on the expiration of 50 years from the commencement of this License and thereafter on the expiration of every subsequent period of twenty years during the subsistence of the License. The value of all lands, buildings, works, materials and plant of the Licensees to be paid for in accordance with the said section 7 of the Act shall be their market value at the time of such purchase, which shall be determined in case of difference or dispute by Arbitration, due regard being had to the various matters mentioned in the first proviso set out in subsection (1) of the said section 7 and there shall be added to such value as computed as aforesaid on account of compulsory purchase a sum equivalent to ten per cent. of the amount of such value.

(2) In accordance with section 3, subsection (2) clause (d) (ii) of the Act it is hereby declared that the Transforming and Distributing Stations to be used in connection with the undertaking shall form Part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or 7 of the Act.

ASSIGNMENT OF LICENSE.

12. At any time after the commencement of the License the Licensees may, with the previous consent in writing of the Government of Bombay and subject to compliance with such conditions upon which such consent may be given, assign the License and transfer the whole of the undertaking, in respect of which this License is granted (including all lands, buildings, works, material and plant of the Licensees) to a company formed and registered in the Presidency of Bombay in accordance with the laws for the time being in force in British India or in England under any enactment relating to companies for the time being in force there and having authority to take over this License and the said undertaking as the case may be and to exercise the powers and perform the obligation imposed upon the Licensees under this License and the Act and the Rules under the Act and on such assignment and transfer the right, powers and authorities, obligations and liabilities of the Licensees shall be assigned and transferred to and shall be exercised by and shall attach to such company formed as aforesaid.

FIRST ANNEXURE.

COMPULSORY AREA:—

Station Road and Jail Road.

SECOND ANNEXURE MAXIMUM CHARGES.

(a) The term "Unit" as used in this annexure shall be deemed to mean the energy contained in a current of 1000 Amperes (one thousand amperes) flowing under an electromotive force of one volt during an hour.

(b) The following are the maximum prices which the Licensees are entitled to charge:—

(1) For energy used for lighting and fans:—For each unit a sum of annas six only.

(2) For energy used for power purposes:

For each unit a sum of annas three only for motors upto 5 B.H.P. annas two and pies six only for motors from over 5 B.H.P. upto 10 B.H.P.

(c) Where energy is supplied by meter as per clause (b) above a minimum charge of Rs. 2 (exclusive of meter hire) in the case of lights fans and heaters and Rs. 4 per B.H.P. in the case of motive power shall be leviable per meter installed per month whether energy to that extent is consumed or not.

Plans of area of supply can be inspected at and copies of draft license may be obtained from Messrs. P. PATEL & CO., Abba Building, Carnac Road, Bombay at Rupee one per copy. 24287

PUBLIC NOTICES.

KATNI
"CASTLE" BRAND
AND
JUBBULPORE
"LOTUS" BRAND
Portland Cements
ALSO
KATNI
FIRE BRICKS
FIRE CLAY,
BOILER SEATING BLOCKS
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All available for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY EX-BOMBAY STOCK.

THE KATNI CEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
THE JUBBULPORE PORTLAND CEMENT CO. LTD.
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
AGENTS
Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 20418.

THE DWARKA CEMENT CO., LTD.

OFFERS ARE HEREBY INVITED by the Trustees for Debenture-holders of the above Company for the purchase of the Cement Factory of the above Company, situated at Dwarka in Kathiawar, within the Territories of H. H. The Gaekwar with the necessary plant, machinery and buildings, etc. The Factory consists of two units together capable of turning out about 100,000 tons of Cement per annum. The Offers must reach the undersigned on or before the 15th November, 1925, at the latest.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned at 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1925.

A. N. DATAR,
MADHAVJI D. THACKERSEY,
Trustees for Debenture-holders of the above Company.
C24208

WANTED SPINNING MASTER.

APPLICATIONS with testimonials are invited on or before the 25th of October, 1925. The applicant shall have first to erect spinning machinery of Messrs. Howard and Bullough; appointment will be on 6 months' probation.

MANAGING AGENTS,
Vidarbha Mills Berar, Ltd.,
ELLICHPUR.
R 1985.

AUCTION SALES.

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & CO.

AUCTION SALE.

Under kind instruction from the Superintendent Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, 28th October, 1925, at 10 a.m. sharp and if necessary on following days on the premises of said Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, in small lots but in large stocks to meet the convenience of purchasers of the following stores, also it is a good opportunity for Shipchandlers, Hardware Merchants and Chemists.

Brass scrap, boring Soissd, crushed cases, pigs. Copper scrap, lead scrap, zinc scrap, cupronickel with and without traces of lead, tin scrap; old ammunition boxes steel and wrought iron, iron wrought hoop, steel cast octagonal, flat round, mild round, tin sheets of different guages and sizes, wire brass hard of different guages, shuma commercial bitumen, whiting, coloured, copper carbonate crude and pure Isinglass, kit composition, oil fish, parumaches cement, resin black, nails steel clasp cut of different sizes, nails wire hard round galvd, round shank of different sizes, screws iron flat head tinned of different guages and sizes in large stocks, cloth lasting dyed, silk No. 2 silk sewing thread No. 2 conduit tubing 5/8" charts porcelain of different upper and lower and sizes and other stores too numerous to mention.

SALE CONDITIONS—Purchasers will have to pay fifty per cent deposit when lot is knocked down to his or their name and shall have to pay in full and remove the lot immediately. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to—

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI and Co.,
Government Auctioneers.
94 Main Street, Camp, Poona.

AUCTION SALES.

VORA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
Hummam Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24065.

AN AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT DOCTOR STREET, OUT OF FORT.

Messrs. VORA & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 28th October, 1925 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises under instructions from Mr. Gulamally G. Merchant, Pleader for the Transferees and Mortgagees Mr. Sadakali Kikabhoy and his wife Mariambai in exercise of the power of sale reserved under the deed of Mortgage dated the 26th of September 1912 and made between Kikabhoy Moosabhoy of the one part and Abdullabhoy Ebrahimji of the other part and the Transfer of Mortgage dated 8th day of August, 1914 and made between Abdullabhoy Ibrahimji of the one part and Peroshaw Fakirji of the other part and the Transfer of Mortgage dated 5th day of May 1924 and made between Peroshaw Fakirji of the first part, Kikabhoy Moosabhoy of the 2nd part and Sadakally Kikabhoy and his wife Mariambai of the third part on account and at the risk of heirs and legal representatives of the Mortgagor Kikabhoy Moosabhoy deceased.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit or ground rent land or ground with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay and fronting the Western side of Doctor Street in the Registration sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 109 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2758 and New No. 2758 Old Survey No. 1368 and New Survey No. 4650 and in the books of the Municipal Assessment under C Ward No. 7012 Street Nos. 69 and 71 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by a public passage, on or towards the West by the Doctor Street aforesaid, on or towards the North by the property of Merwanji Framji Panday and on or towards the South by a gully.

For further particulars apply to:
VORA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Auctioneers & Commission Agents.
122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 20321.

By the order of H. C. B. Mitchell, Esq., the Administrator General of Bombay and Administrator of the estate and effects of the following deceased persons, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 26th October, 1925, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

(1) Re: Estate of James J. Pennock (deceased):—
Wearing Apparels, etc.

(2) Re: Estate of Aneis Demetrides (deceased):—
Wearing apparels, canvas trunk, Photo frames, etc.

(3) Re: Estate of Nurse Alice Jordan (deceased):—
Writing table, teapoys, iron cot, chairs, screen, electric fan and lights, dressing table, hatstand, utensils, wearing, apparels, nameboards, etc.; etc.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENT'S RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY AT MAHABLESHWAR.

By the order of B. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee of Bombay and assignee of the estate and effects of Abdul Gani Cassum (Insolvent), Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO. will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 19th October, 1925, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the right, title and interest of the said insolvent in the property described below:

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

(1) All that piece of land, situate at Mahableshwar in the Sub-District of Javli and containing by admeasurement 30 gunthas or thereabouts and the assessment whereof is Rs. 3-12-0 and bearing Survey No. 79 and bounded on the East by the land of Manoo Manker, on the South by Vane Talao, on the West by No. 76 and on the North by No. 78 Government Forest.

(2) All that piece of land situate at Mahableshwar in the Sub-District of Javli and containing by admeasurement 14 gunthas or thereabouts and the assessment whereof is Rs 1-2-0 and bearing Survey No. 78 and bounded on the East by the land bearing No. 80, on the South by Vane Talao on the West by the land of Manoo Manker and on the North by No. 78 Forest.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 CASES OF LUVO CAKES, 5 BARRELS OF WORCESTER SAUCE, 4 CASES OF REX CHEESE AND 15 DRUMS OF BLACK SHIP VARNISH.

By the order of the office concerned and on account and at the risk of the parties concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 19th October 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

2 Cases of Luvo Cakes 72 tins in each.
5 Barrels of Worcester Sauce,
2 Cases of Rex Cheese, 48 x 8 tins and 24 x 8 oz. tins in each.
2 Cases of Rex Cheese, 48 x 1 lb. tins, 47 x 1 lb. tins and 24 x 4 oz. tins in each.
15 Drums of Black Ship Varnish.

N. B.:—A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

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IN OUR

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PER WORD

Minimum Twelve Words.

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Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A COMPOUNDER. Apply to DR. S. R. NAIK, Sopari Baug Road, Parel, between 8 a.m. and 12 Noon and 5 p.m and 9 p.m.
A R1995

WANTED.—ACTIVE AGENTS with good references or surety in cash to sell Ceylon Gems, in India, Burma and foreign countries, liberal terms. E. A. S. AWATTA PARUMAL, Gem Merchant, Gurudeniya Kandy Ceylon.
A R1823

WANTED—An INVESTOR in an Export and Import concern with several Agencies and also having General Contract and Supply business. Terms to discuss. Apply Box No. 1028 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1986.

WANTED—RESPECTABLE and INFLUENTIAL GENTLEMEN to represent as Life Chief Agents for The East and West Insurance Company, Ltd., for unrepresented districts. For terms etc., apply to THE SECRETARIES, at 65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
A

SALARY RS. 100—200 P.M. IN 30 DAYS.

WE can help you to these salaries. We have done this for others. Learn an absolutely NEW SHORTHAND IN 30 DAYS, BY POST OR PERSONALLY Easiest simplest and highest speed system in the world. The wonder of the age. Only 9 Characters and 3 Rules. 2 days' FREE trials. No MONEY unless you are fully satisfied. Enclose 3 annas stamp. Rawal College, (B) Rawalpindi.
A

SITUATIONS WANTED.

GENTLEMAN twelve years Fire Insurance experience, seeking POST of Clerk in Insurance Companies or in Banks and any Commercial Firms. Good Testimonials. Apply Box No. 1026 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1982.

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—Upper and lower FLATS at 77 Motlibai Street. Apply SAMEDBHAI AHMEDBHAI MISRI, 146, Nagdevi Street, Bombay No. 3.
C R1962.

TO LET—GODOWN, ROOMS, HALL, for Office use. "Abba Building" Carnac Road. Apply HAJEE MAHOMED ABBA & CO., Jackria Musjid, Bombay.
C R1824

SHOPS especially good for, Motor Accessories dealers are to be let, rent Rs. 400, 300 and 175. Raval Building, Lamington Road, opp. N. Powell and Co.
C R1915

TO LET—FLATS from Rs. 65/- p.m. to Rs. 200/- p.m. at Victoria 2nd Cross Lane. Also first floor of a Bungalow. Apply H. B. WARDEN, 24, Homji, St., Fort, Phone 25515.
C R1979.

TO LET.—For any community, airy and well ventilated FLATS of summt Building, situated on Tardeo, Forjett Street with Electric fittings. Rent Rs. 70-80-90 and Rs. 100 p.m. Motor Garages. Rent Rs. 25. Write or see personally. RUTTONSEY POONJA, No. 41-45, D'Souza Street, Vadgady, Mandvi, Bombay.
C R1952

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS

BRIDAL SHOWER, Presentation Bouquets; Decorated Roses, Baskets, Wreaths, and Crosses. Cut Flowers, Fruit, Flowering, Foliage Plants FOR SALE, SORABJEE ERANEE, Adelphi Chambers, Clare Road, Byculla.
F R1987.

FINEST KULU APPLES—Fresh Walnuts, 11 lbs. basket for Rs. 5 inclusive of packing and postage. V. P. P. to all parts of India. Agent, ARAMGARH ORCHARDS, Kulu, Punjab.
R1788

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ICE MACHINES—Simple and economical Ice Machines with latest improvements are supplied by B. M. KATPITIA, 46, Homji St. Fort, Post Box 759, Bombay.
K R1297

MEDICAL.

FOR SALE—Nicely fitted up DISPENSARY in good locality. Write Box No. 1029, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R1936

SPORT.

'RACING WRINKLES'—How to win at racing. Showing how to make every bet a stonewall certainty, Re. 1. "Long odds." A system that never loses. Is fully explained. It is impossible to lose. Every bet a winning one. Rs. 5. KING AND CO., Booksellers, Hornby Road, Bombay.
S 24154

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BOON to devitalised males. Pure Mercury Pill Rs. 20 each lasting months. Write VAIDYA PRABHASHANKER R. Ghatkopar, Thana.
P R1940

ANY five important events in Life predicted precisely by RAMAL (Persian Science) for Re. ONE only. Furnish correct Question. Time. PROF. K. N. BHANU, Ramal Expert, Poona City.
P R1977

CONSULT for all problems regarding Fortunes. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Reader and Evil Counteractor, Kothari Mansion, Opp. General Post Office, Fort, Bombay, 9 a.m. and 7 p.m.
P

SAFE and SURE CURE for DEBILITY of any name and nature. Particulars FREE under cover. "SRI" WORKS, Beadon Square, Calcutta.
P R1990.

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY
(Under Special Diet.)

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once, per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy.) 8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkhia. (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," A guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 4 extra.

EDUCATIONAL.

DESAI'S TUTORIAL CLASSES SYNDICATE publishes likely questions in Matric, Mathematics with Solutions free. Postage payable. 66, Holi Chakla, Fort, Bombay.
M R1992

MATRIMONIAL—WANTED. By a young Muhammadan of respectable family, who is doing business both in Bombay and Delhi, a beautiful young bride or a widow of good family. Bombay preferred. Correspondence strictly confidential. Photo will be sent, if required. Apply to A. R. F. c/o the "Bombay Chronicle," Bombay.
M R1967

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE Shorthand and Typewriting, No. 485, Kalbadevi Road, teaches Pitman's Shorthand and Typewriting under experts by their two months' special Course. Open from 8 a.m to 7-30 p.m., Special arrangements for speed classes and for ladies. Apply for prospectus.
M

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand speed classes and all other commercial subjects. Excellent results every year. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

ENROLMENTS for LONDON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE Examinations of May & CORPORATION OF ACCOUNTANTS Examinations of June, 1926, will cease from 15th September, 1925. Brilliant Results secured every year, includin Teachers Diplomas and Distinction certificates. Fees moderate. Prospectus from the PRINCIPAL, ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE. Bhesania Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
M.

THE INDIA SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTANCY, Post Box, 2020, Calcutta—Trains Students in every town and every village of India—to qualify themselves CERTIFICATED ACCOUNTANTS and high salaried Office Assistants through home-study of our Correspondence Courses. Small monthly fees accepted. High class Diplomas and Certificates awarded—GOVERNMENT and LONDON EXAMINATIONS COACHED with guaranteed success. Our Special PROSPECTUS NO. 50 with numerous testimonies from old students and the famous PROSPECTS CALENDER for 1925-26 are SENT FREE to any address on request.
M

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

TO MAKE the Indian population literate IN TWO MONTHS only, please read 'A SCHEME OF MASS EDUCATION' by Prof. Mande, M.A., (Columbia) with foreword by Sir M. V. Joshi. (Home member C. P.) Available for Re. 1-4 at BHISEY BROS., Nagpur.
L R1949

BOOK ON BIRTH CONTROL.—By Marie Stopes, President of the Society for Constructive Birth Control and Racial Progress, London, the world renowned authorities on Birth Control. Price Five annas. Post Free. Annas to be sent in advance.—SHENOY BROTHERS, Booksellers, Mangalore, South Kanara.
L R1955

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Very fertile and healthy village of Umbar, Taleoka Chawreshi in Surat District, only two miles from Sachin Rly. Station and close to the sea. Best opportunity for the safest and lucrative investment. For further particulars apply Box No. 998, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle"
G R1850

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Bombay Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Hadows St., Fort, Bombay.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

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In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879, and as from time to time amended and under instructions from the Bombay Port Trust Dock Manager, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 20th October, 1925, at 2 p.m. at the Sale Warehouse, Alexandra Dock, opposite No. 2 Shed, the following goods:—

5 cases Vermouth, 20 cases Brandy, 1 barrel Wine (Claret), 30 cases glass bangles, 40 cases Tobacco (Goorakhoo), Iron, Spelters, Pictures, Stone jars, cotton seeds, trunks, essence of lemon, porcelainware, baking powder, pure lemon and vanila, paint, writing paper, hardware, toys, coir, rope, coir matting, grape juice, electric fan, etc., earthenware, 5 packages medicine, shaving outfits, Java sugar, P. fruits, enamelled ware, etc.

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WARNER BROS. Classic of the Screen

Lenore Ulric in David Belasco's "Tiger Rose"

PATHE GAZETTE. TIME 6, 8, & 10 P.M.
MATINEE SAT. & SUN. AT 4 P. M.
H CINEMA: ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

WEST-END
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK
A SCREAMING SELZNICK COMEDY FARCE
"GOODNIGHT, PAUL!"
5 Parts—featuring the lovely star
CONNIE TALMADGE
and the popular handsome hero
NORMAN KERRY.
The story has a light frothy touch—it reaches unusual heights in entertainment value.
LAUGHS! THRILLS!! SURPRISES!!!
A Comedy Hit de-Luxe!
"GOODNIGHT, PAUL!"
It is really a Picture of the Thousand Laughs!
The Programme includes a 2-Reel Century Comedy "LOVE SICK" featuring the Century Follies Girls and the International News, wherein some very fine scenes of Miss Ederle's attempt to swim the British Channel are given.
TO-NIGHT: 3-30; 5-20; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
WEST-END
CINEMA—NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

WELLINGTON
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
DANCING and PICTURE PROGRAMME
On every day this week in the 7 AND 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)
SHOWS ONLY. THE WELL-KNOWN
WHIRLWIND RUSSIAN DANCERS
MRS. LADOVA
AND
YOURY YOURLO
will give the exhibition of their RUSSIAN WEDDING DANCE, HUNGARIAN DANCE, LITTLE UKRAINE DANCE etc.
In addition to the Dancing, there will be screened a Superb Ray art Photo-drama
THE "KNOCKOUT KID"
5 Parts—featuring
JACK PERRIN.
In the 3-30; 5-15 and 8-45 p. m. (S. T.) shows there will be no exhibition of the Russian Dancers, but instead of that a 2-Reel Butterfly Comedy will be screened.
To-day: 3-30 and 5-15 p. m. (without the Russian Dances); 7 p. m. (with the Russian Dancing; 8-45 p. m. (without the Russian Dancing) and 10-30 p. m. (with the Russian Dancing.)
WELLINGTON
CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO.

AMUSEMENTS.

SPECIAL PROGRAMME! GRAND CHANGE!!!
FOR DEEPAVALI HOLIDAYS!!

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EXTRA SHOWS
On Sat., & Sunday at 3 P.M.

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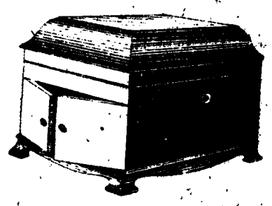

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BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE.

Cold and chill and dreary is the breath of the frigid north wind; desolate and deserted are the lonely trails and distant purple hills, and deathly quiet reigns supreme. Then the sharp exploding crack of a whip! A dog team and a trader racing at top speed to find cheer and comfort in the company of men. Warm and full of life is the breath of the hurrying caravan. This is the land of the great North-west, where, we find the setting for "Tigor Rose," one of the light-hearted French-Canadian girls, whose jest and laughter is like the ripple of a brook and who, without fear, tramp the world ridden forests and lonely trails. In this country where might is right, where "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth" is the law, where men are enfettered and unrestrained by artificial polish and social environment, where love, hate, revenge, desire and the grossest passions run rampant—here is born and reared the girl of our story, characterised as "Tiger Rose." How she falls in love with an engineer who becomes a fugitive from justice, by exacting retributive vengeance on a man responsible for the lives of his mother and sister, and how she fights tooth and nail to save him from the shadow of the law, makes a fascinating situation, and a throbbing picture. This is the screen adaptation of the famous Belasco that ran two triumphant years on Broadway. Lenore Ulric, the "Tiger Rose" of the stage heads the cast. It is scheduled here for a week, beginning to-day at the Royal Opera House.

WELLINGTON

All those inclined to be partial to fast action will have no fault to find with "The Knockout Kid," which begins seven days engagement at the Wellington Cinema (Dhobi Talao) to-night.

Jack Perrin plays the leading role, that of Jack Lanning, a millionaire's son who is a keen amateur boxer. Jack K. O.'s One Round Sweeney in a battle at the athletic club and he is on his way to the dressing room when he is suddenly confronted by his father. The old gentleman does not share in the crowd's enthusiasm for his son's victory, for he scowls in the approved parental manner and pulls that time-honoured line, "Sir, you are no longer a son of mine." The sequel is most interesting. There is this week another attraction in addition to the Picture—the well-known dancers Yourv and Yourles will give an exhibition of Rusian Wedding, Dance, Hungarian Dance, Little Ukraine Dance this week ever day in the 7 and 10-30 p.m. (S.T) shows only.

WEST-END

"Good Night, Paul" Constance Talmadge's latest Selznick Picture, in which she is presented by Lewis J. Selznick in a screen adaptation of the musical comedy success of the same name and directed by Walter Edwards, comes to the West-End Cinema to-night and this week. It is a wholesome comedy-drama of the type this young, talented star is rapidly making her own, with the humour predominating; there is a laugh in every foot of film, heightened now and again by a moment of suspense or a thrilling situation.

The story hinges about the attempt of Matilda Landers (Constance Talmadge) to help her husband, and his partner out of financial difficulties by proclaiming herself the partner's wife when his uncle arrives to give him 50,000 dollars if he has married to perpetuate the family name. Matilda succeeds, of course, and finally everyone is paired off satisfactorily and the culprits magnanimosly forgiven; but the working out of the plot makes "Good Night, Paul!" picture a veritable bonanza of laughter. The programme includes a 2-Reel Century Comedy: "Love Sick," featuring the Century Follies Girls and the International News, wherein are some very good scenes of Miss Ederell's attempt to swim the English Channel.

THE EMPIRE.

"Kriemhild's Revenge", which commences at the Empire Cinema to-night, is a great sequel to "The Nibelungs" which was shown last week. In this the magnificent spectacular effects obtained in "The Nibelungs" are reproduced while the story deals with how Kriemhild, the wife of Siegfried, took her revenge on her husband's murderer. These two epic productions mark a new era in the film industry, and cinema-goers should make a point of not missing them.

EMPRESS.

"The Nibelungs" has been transferred from the Empire Cinema and commences at the Empress to-day. This German production was hailed by the London Press as a masterpiece of movie production and some of the scenic effects are obtained with remarkable skill. The story deals with the adventures of Siegfried, telling how he fashioned himself a wonderful sword killed a sonstrous dragon and found his way to the land of the King of the Nibelungs. It is altogether unique among modern films and a most refreshing change from the usual type.

EXCELSIOR.

"The Serenaders", an Australian company, in a novel revusical entertainment commence a Bombay season at the Excelsior to-night. They have been touring India and have everywhere met with a great reception. There is no outstanding artist in the company which is unusual, but each member contributes to a programme ranging from Grand Opera to jazz. "The Serenaders" have gained the reputation of being a very cheery, snappy little company and they are certain to appeal to Bombay audiences.

Hugh Huxham is the chief noise of the company and has a useful tenor voice. Harry Leeds and Trixie Le Marry are old favourites out East. Marjorie Scott, Lena Deane and Ina Huxham dance together most effectively and Les Richmond at the piano are entertaining. Altogether a show not to be missed.

Professor Maximilien Langsner (Kara-Iki) will give two final Matinee Demonstration Performances at Excelsior Theatre on 21st and 22nd October at 6-17 p.m. prompt on Telepathy, Hypnotism, etc., etc. Critics specially invited. Booking at Roses.

"Down on the Farm" at the Excelsior Cinema is a Mack Sennett Comedy and fulfils all that one expects from such a film. There is plenty of real fun, a plot that twists and turns and proves most amusing in its complexity and absurdity, and most important of all, the film shows some first-class movie stars. Fun is fast and furious in this comic rural romance. See the simple life through Mack Sennett's spectacles and you will be an incorrigible kill-joy if it doesn't make you laugh.

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The millions of women who use Icilma Cream know that no other cream will do as much for the skin and complexion—that there is nothing else so pleasant to use. Its beneficial effects are due to the wonderful Icilma Water, which *stimulates the skin* to Natural Beauty.

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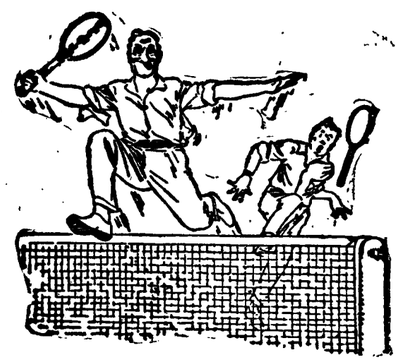

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Kruschen contains just those six salts of Nature which your body needs. It clears your blood, gives you a good appetite, takes away headaches, restores the liver and kidneys to healthy activity, and banishes the pains of Gout and Rheumatism.

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BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Oct. 16.

A rise of 7 to 11 points has been reported in New York futures to-day. Early the market advanced on trade buying, but later receded on hedge selling. Liverpool has been reported 4 points down.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co. cable under date 15th inst. as under:—

"Hedge selling increases on advances. Scattered rains."

In response to a small rise in America the Marwari Bazar opened this morning a rupee higher with Broach April/May at Rs. 412½ Commission Houses and Shroffs were free sellers and the market declined to Rs. 410 the same being the rate at 2-30 p.m. Bazar operators were buyers.

Fine Oomra January opened at Rs. 394 and going up by half a rupee eased to Rs. 392 on selling by Commission Houses. The same rate ruled at 2-30 p.m. F. G. Bengal January was nominally quoted Rs. 347.

Our market for ready cotton was closed yesterday. The Sewri markets are totally closed to-day.

Quotations at 3 p.m.:—
Broach, Rs. 410.
Oomra, Rs. 391½.
Bengal, Rs. 347.

COTTON.

Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Total day's sales at Liverpool 5,000 bales.
Total Day's sales on Spec. & for Exp. 200 Bales.

Total day's sales of East Indian, nil.
Universal Standard 11.41 good inquiry.
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis 24.85.

New York 11 a.m. :—

(As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

January	20.72
March	20.99
May	21.21
New York Noon Call	
January	20.75
March	21.05
May	21.25
New Orleans 10 a.m.	
January	20.74
March	20.74

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Futures delivery prices:—

Months.	To-day's price.
October	11.07—.16
November	10.98—.14
December	11.02—.14
January	11.04—.14
March	11.11—.13
May	11.16—.14
July	11.12—.13
August	11.09—.11
October	11.00—.12

Liverpool, Oct. 16.

Future Delivery Prices:—

October	11.16	—.03
November	11.03	—.05
December	11.09	—.04
January	11.12	—.02
March	11.16	—.04
May	11.23	—.03
July	11.19	—.02

EGYPTIANS.

January	19.85—.30

London, Oct. 15.

Exchange Belgium	106.43
Exchange Athens	372.50
Cuban Sugar October sellers 10/3	

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool:—

Months.	To-day's price.
October	11.19—.04
November	11.08—.04
December	11.13—.03
January	11.13—.04
February	11.14—.04
March	11.20—.04
April	11.20—.03
May	11.26—.04
June	11.21—.04
July	11.21—.04
Sept.	11.12—.05
October	11.06—.06

Tone:—Quiet but steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON. CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Months.	To-day's price.
October	22.25—.40
November	20.75—.40
December	20.20.—35
January	19.80—.35
February	19.80—.35
March	19.85—.32
April	19.80—.32
May	19.80—.32
June	19.75—.30
July	19.75—.30
August	19.70—.30
September	19.60—.30

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Scinda "Good" 8.55.
Scinde, "Fully Good" 8.95.
Scinde "Fine" 9.35.
Bengal, "Good" 8.65.
Bengal, "Fully Goode" 9.05.
Bengal "Fine" 9.45.
Oomra, "Good" 9.35.
Oomra, "Fully Good" 9.75.
Oomra "Fine" 10.15.
Broach, "Good" 9.70.
B roach, "Fully Good" 10.10.
Broach "Fine" 10.50.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 15.

COTTON:—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 99,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain 8,000
Day's Exports to Continent 18,000

Futures at New York:—

January	20.65+.07
March	20.93+.08
May	21.14+.10
July	20.72+.11
Spot Cotton at New York	21.60 —.05
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	20.95 +.11

Futures at New Orleans:—

January	20.70+.13
March	20.68+.08

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 19 3/8
Demand Bills 4.83.75
Silver:—Foreign mined 71 1/8

CLOSING PRICES. AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 15.

Futures at New York:—

Months.	To-day's price.
January	20.65+.07
March	20.93+.08
May	21.14+.10
July	20.72+.11

Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool:—

Months.	To-day's price.
October	11.19—.04
January	11.14—.04
March	11.20—.04
May	11.26—.04

SHARES.

London, Oct. 15.

Hongkong Bank	£132 1/2
Chartered Bank	£20
National Bank	£47
P. and O. Bank	£9 3/4
Eastern Bank	£6

London, Oct. 15.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

Total Bullion £155,800,000 Dec. 2,100,000.
Public Deposits £8,5,00,000. Dec. £1,000,000.
Other Deposits £103,400,000 Dec. £6,100,000.
Government Securities £28,800,000 Dec. £4,900,000.
Other Securities 68,200,000 Dec. £1,000.000
Notes and Gold £32,500.000 Dec. £1.200,000.
The Bank Reserve 29.0 per cent. of the Liabilities.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, Oct. 15.

Cardiff to Bombay ... 12

BARLEY.

London, Oct. 15.

Karachi Barley O./N. nominal 36.

C. M. PAREKH'S QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 16.

Jute:—Albion 445; Alliance 505; Anglo-India 405/8; Auckland 244; Barnagore 161; Bally 215; Belvedere 440; Budge-Budge 405-12; Caledonian 525; Chapdani 180; Clive 37/4-6; Craig 5; Cheviot 220; Dalhousie 372; Delta 430/40; Empire 47/12; Fort Gloster 895; Fort William 345; Gondalpara 850; Gourepore 740; Hukumchand 10/8; Hooghly 71; Howrah 38/4; India 210; Kamarhatty 532; Kankanarrah 430/35; Kelvin 760; Khardah 420; Kinnison 970; Lansdowne 265; Lawrence 590; Lothian 325; Naihati 430; National 26/8; New Central 520; Northbrook 50/8; Nudea 50; Orient 177; Presidency 7/6; Reliance 60/12; Soorah 27; Standard 395; Union 572; Waverly 7; Hessian 20/12-14.

Jute:—114.
Cotton:—Dunbar 125.
Coal:—Burrakur 23/8; Bokaro Ramgur 17/12.

Miscellaneous:—B. I. Corporation 11/8; B. I. Corporation D. 4/4; Imperial Bank 1410; Imperial Conty. 368.

Remarks:—Market closing below the best. On account of Kali Puja holidays the market will be closed till 18th inst.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANG QUOTATIONS.

London, Oct. 15.

Tele Transfer £1/6 3/16 steady.
Bar Gold 4.4.11 1/2 steady.
Bar Silver Spot 32 15/16 quiet.

London, Oct. 15.

Rentes 3 per cent. 44 1/4.
Bar Silver (spot) 32 15/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 32 13/16.
Closing Tone of Silver.—Closed quiet.
Interest day to day loans 3 1/2 per cent.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 percent.
Discount, Bank of England rate 4 per cent since 1st October 1925.
Bars Sold £21,000.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.

MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, Oct. 15.

Stockholm	18.09
Christiania	23.91
Amsterdam	12.04
Switzerland	25.11

London, Oct. 15.

Exchange on London in Paris	108.00
—Do—Germany	20.33
—Do—Italy	122.65

New York, Oct. 15.

Demand Bills 4.83.75

London, Oct. 14.

Belgium	106.45
Athens	353.50

Cuban Sugar 10/3 October sellers.

DISCOUNTS.

London, Oct. 15.

Discount Bank Bills 3m/st 3 9/16
—Do—Indian Bank Bills 6m/st 3 7/8
—Do—Fine Trade Bills 3m/st 4 1/4
—Do—6m/st 4 3/4
Rentes 5 per cent, 16.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, Oct. 15.

Funding loan 4 p.c. 1960/90 £87¼ unchgd
Victory Bonds 4 p.c. £92 7/8 unchgd.
War Loan 5 p.c. 1929/47 £102¼ unchgd.
Conversion Loan £76—1/8.
Indian Loan 5½ p.c. £102 1/8 unchgd.
Indian Loan 7 p.c. £105+1.00.
Console 2½ p.c. 55 1/8—1/8.
Rupee Paper 3½ p.c. 51 unchgd.
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. (Sterling Loan) 68 unchgd.
Govt. Securities 3 p. c. 57 7/8 unchgd.

GOLD.

Bombay, Oct. 16.

Ready:—21-4-6.
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 21-3-6. Lowest 21-3-0. Highest 21-3-6. At 6 p.m. 21-3-6.
Vaida Magsar:—Opening 21-3-0. Lowest 21-2-9. Highest 21-3-3. At 6 p.m. 21-3-3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 0-1-0.
Vaida Magsar:—Opening 0-2-3.
Tone:—Market steady.

SILVER.

Bombay, Oct. 16.

Ready:—74-5-0.
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 73-12-0. Lowest 73-12-0. Highest 74-0-0. At 6 p.m. 73-13-0.
Vaida Magsar:—Opening 73-9-0. Lowest 73-9-0. Highest 73-12-0. At 6 p.m. 73-10-0.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Kartak:—Opening 0-11-0.
Vaida Marsar:—Opening 1-3-0.
Tone:—Market quiet.

SILVER REPORT.

London, Oct. 15.

Messrs. Mocattas state that there was fair amount of business and China was a considerable buyer on 12th and 13th instant on fear of further military distorbances in that country; but since then there has been few sales from China. Large proportion of business has been in carrying forward of open positions, but as bazaar purchases have been mostly against previous sales and there has been very little demand from that quarter for shipment this week, premium on cash silver narrowed to one-eighth.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Oct. 15.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta:—
Nov/Dec. sellers 13/9
Jan/Mar. sellers 14
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay:—
Jan/Mar. sellers 14/2 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi:—
Jan/Mar. sellers 14/3 1/4
Tone:—Dull nothing doing.

LINSEED.

London, Oct. 15.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags—
October/November sellers £21 1/2
—Do—Buyers £20 1/4

Tone—Slow demand at rather easier prices.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net—
November/December sellers 38 5/8
January/April sellers 38 5/8

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

Bombay, Oct. 16.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	3/4	58	0	0
—Do—	1	58	0	0
—Do—	1 1/4	58	0	0
—Do—	1 1/2	58	0	0
—Do—	1 3/4	58	0	0
—Do—	2	58	0	0
German Brass	3/4 to 2	57	8	0

COPPER.

Bombay, Oct. 16.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper, German	3/4	63	4	0
—Do—	1	63	4	0
—Do—	1 1/4	63	4	0
Copper American	1 1/2	63	8	0
—Do—	1 3/4	63	8	0
—Do—	2	63	8	0
Japanese Copper Bars		62	8	0
Panchteka Joint		28	0	0
Copper English Bars		61	8	0
Brass Bars		40	8	0
Pat Klai		67	0	0
Lead, Country		27	0	0
Koger Brass, Metal 3/4 to 1		56	0	0
—Do—Do— 1 1/4 to 1 1/2, 1 3/4 to 2		56	0	0
German, Copper 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 to 2		63	4	0
American Copper 3/4 to 1, 1 1/4		63	8	0
English Copper 3/4 to 2		63	4	0

METALS.

London, Oct. 15.

English best Selected Copper £64 3/4.
Standard Copper G.M.B. £62.
Copper Braziers £78 3/4.
Yellow Metal 70.
Hard Spelter 32 7/8.
Corrugated Sheets £16 1/2.

London, Oct. 15.

Tin Block £280 1/4

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations.

Bombay, Oct. 16.

		Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	No. 14½		0	12	0
Kilachand	No. 20½		0	13	3
Currimbhai	No. 12½		0	12	0
Elphinstone	No. 12½		0	11	10
David	No. 10½		0	11	6
Shapurji	No. 10½		0	11	5
Trikamdas	No. 10½		0	11	6
Sattara	No. 12½		0	12	3
Shapurji	No. 6½		0	10	6
Light-house	No. 6½		0	10	3
Japan	No. 40-1		1	4	6
Japan	No. 42-2		1	5	9
Japan	No. 20		0	15	3
Japan	No. 32		1	2	9

WHEAT.

London, Oct. 15.

Barletta Russo—63½ lbs. J./F. 47/9.
Rozario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. J./F. 49/6.
Tone:—Dull inactive.
Australian nominal D./J. easier 51.
Choice White Karachi O./N. sellers firm few offers 53.

SEEDS.

London, Oct. 15.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata):—
Tone:—Slow request.
£18 5/8 O/N buyers.
£18 1/8 J/F. paid.
Slow request
Cottonseed Bombay:
£8 1/2 O/N sellers slow and easier.
£19 7/8 O/N sellers firm dearer no business reported.
Linseed Bombay £21 3/4 O/N nominal.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore, usual bold, per ton £19 3/4 O/N nominal.
Rapeseed, Toria, perton £20 1/4 O/N sellers 20 buyere.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, per ton £20 3/8 O/N nominal.
Rapesed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton £19 7/8 O/N sellers.
Tone of rapeseed:—Shade harder to buy nothing doing.
Yellow Cawnpore £23 1/4 O/N.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are today's closing rates as issued by The Bombay Marwari Chamber of Commerce:—

Bombay, Oct. 16, 1925—6-30 p.m.

	Bazaar Terms. Rs.	a.	p.	Rail-Delivery. Rs.	a.	p.
READY						
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	55	0	0	8	4	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	55	0	0	8	4	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	56	0	0	8	5	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	10	14	0	11	8	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10	12	0	11	6	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	12	6	0	13	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12	5	0	12	10	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	11	13	0	12	4	0
Teelseed, White 85-15	68	0	0	14	2	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	66	0	0	13	9	0
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	64	0	0	13	2	0
Teelseed, Black	60	0	0	12	2	0
Poppyseed, White				13	0	
Groundnuts	65	0	0	13	0	0
Mowrdseed				10	0	
Barley				6	2	0
Castorseed	54	0	0	10	15	0
Jira	12	0	0			
FORWARD	Rs.	a.	p.			
Wheat, May	8	5	3			
Linseed, May	12	12	3			

AH! AT LAST I HAVE FOUND OUT THE RIGHT THING.

I was long suffering from nervous depression; palpitation; brain fag; sleeplessness and constipation but NEUROTONE has cured me completely : : : : : : :

NEUROTONE is an ideal stimulant; an effective blood purifier and an indispensible food for worn out nerves.

NEUROTONE prolongs life, removes fatigue; suppliments the wastages due to youthful errors and ensures conjugal bliss.

Price:—Large phial:—Rs.6/-, Small phial:—Rs. 3/8/- V. P. P. Extra.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:—

THE KRISHNA CHEMICAL WORKS,
Post-Box:—11435, CALCUTTA.

JOY IN EVERY PUFF!
For they are made from Pure Golden Virginia Tobacco—unadulterated and will not affect your throat.

PASSING SHOW
VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

50 for Rs 1-4
IN AIRTIGHT TINS
SAVE YOUR COUPONS MARKED "NOT AVAILABLE AFTER JUNE 30th, 1925"—THEY WILL STILL BE ACCEPTED

10 for 4 ANNAS
IN PACKETS

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BOMBAY MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW FOREIGN MARKETS

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whoIoe show a slight change both in Liverpool and New Lork as compared with last week. Early the market improved on trade buying and short covering. Later the prices gave way on Wall Street selling and long liquidation. At the close the market was steady.

When writing our circular last week, the American market was suffering from shoc due to the Government estimate of the crop based on the condition ruling upto the end of last month, which was considerably in excess of general anticipations, and values on the American Exchange had experienced a precipitate fall of about one and a half cents from the rates ruling before the issuance of the document. This apparently ended the most urgent selling, as a steadier ton ensued the following morning as a result of heavy trade fixing and Southern buying. Although easy markets have been witnessed under same increased hedge selling at times, these have not been of long duration, as apparently the trade is willing and anxious to take advantage of set-backs on which they freely buy.

The situation at the moment is being controlled by purely ordinary trade conditions, and the prospect of a full yield is being cast by the belief that round current rates or below, the takings of the world will be sufficient to offset this. Moreover, heavy rains are reported to have fallen during the week in Oklahoma, Arkansas and Mississipi Valley, and the weather is unfavourable. We were also confronted with the rumours that on Sunday last heavy frost occurred in the Northern portion of the entire belt. Nevertheless, sound authorities from many centres indicate an expansion in views of the ultimate yield and quite large ideas are prevalent, provided there is no serious damage by early killing frost.

Accounts from Manchester are daily more cheerful and there is undoubtedly a very large business looming ahead. We understand that more trade is actually passing and should a general feeling of confidence be felt in current values, a further substantial buying movement would develop.

Broadly speaking, judging from the out look as it stands to-day, we are inclined to modify our "bearish" views, and though by no means believing in a runaway market or any material rise, the present level of about 11.00d. in Liverpool seems to us a stand off price, and we consider that it would be advisable to conservatively take advantage of any recession from this basis to make purchases, more especially as the South is strong enough to resist declines and the trade actual buyers. Our advice, therefore, would be for the time being—unless circumstances go to suggest a crop in excess of 15 million bales—to regend any fall below 11.00d. as a buying basis, rather than look for a sale, at the moment.

As regards the the local market, prices remained during the week relatively steady notwithstanding the recent decline in Americans. It looks as though we may see somewhat higher prices in the immediate future, but we think a declining tendency is to be looked for as now, as the pressure of new crop cotton begins to make its influence felt in our market.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	Last week.	This week.
New York January	20.54	20.65+11
New York March	20.90	20.93+ 3
New York May	21.10	21.14+ 4
New York May	21.10	21.14+ 4
Liverpool October	11.41	11.19—22
Liverpool January	11.27	11.14—13
Liverpool March	11.32	11.20—12
Liverpool May	11.37	11.26—11

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M. G. Broach April/May opened on the 9th inst. at Rs. 407½ and gradually improved to Rs. 409½ on buying by Bazar operators. Several Commission Houses being sellers the prices receded to Rs. 408. In sympathy with a sharp rise in America the market opened steady at Rs. 412 on the 10th inst. and gradually advanced to Rs. 4,14 on Commission Houses and Shroffs buying. On the 12th inst. the market opened easier at Rs. 408 owing to a sharp decline in New York futures, and eased to Rs. 406 on selling by a Japanese Houses and Shroffs. Commission Houses were moderate buyers. On the 13th inst. the Bazar opened at Rs. 407 and gradually improved to Rs. 409½ on Japanese and Commission Houses buying. Some Commission Houses were sellers. On the 14th inst. the Bazar opened steady at Rs. 411½ in accordance with a small advance in New York futures, and further advanced to Rs. 413½ on Commission and Japanese Houses buying. In response to a moderate fall in New York futures on the 15th inst. the Bazar opened easier at Rs. 411 and advancing to Rs. 412 on Bazar operators buying closed at Rs. 411½. Commission Houses were moderate sellers.

Fine Oomra January opened at Rs. 391½ on the 9th inst. and steadily advanced to Rs. 394½ on buying by a Japanese firm and some Commission Houses.

From this level the market gave way to Rs. 387 on prominent shroffs selling, but again advanced to Rs. 395½ on buying by Commission Houses, and after some fluctuations closed on the 15th inst. at Rs. 393½.

F. G. Bengal January opened at Rs. 346½ on the 9th inst. and closed at Rs. 348½ on the 15th inst. the highest being Rs. 351 and the lowest Rs. 343.

YARN MARKET.

Oct. 16.

Since our last the American Bureau Report being surprisingly bearish has been responsible for producing a very easy feeling in the Yarn Market and Dealers, Consumers and all alike have lost confidence in the present level of prices to such an extent that inspite of the Deevali they do not feel inclined to operate even in small lots in as much as they are very much afraid of a further drop in Cotton and a consequent heavy decline in Yarns. Demand therefore which hitherto showed some signs of definite improvement, has again been very slack and the Offtake during the week under review has been seriously curtailed. The daily fluctuations in cotton have rather produced a nervous feeling and the dealers are not prepared to take any risk at the moment so long as the position does not seem clear to them. The bulk of business done during the week is comparatively much smaller, and the up-country markets have also been very quiet. China reports are discouraging and Calcutta and Rangoon Markets have not been responding.

ENGLISH YARNS.

The recent Manchester cables have been showing some easiness in that market, but the buyers have been holding aloof as their idea of prices is much lower. Ready lots have been moving very slowly and fresh forward business has been very small.

JAPANESE YARNS.

Prices have declined both in ready and forward deliveries in almost all kinds of Japanese yarns and the easiness in the market is further aggravated on account of the Import Houses offering heavily both for near and forward deliveries. The dealers however have been very cautious and have been purchasing only in small lots at much lower rates. In general rates have declined by Rs. 10 per package and business to the extent of 500 packages has been done. The distinct easiness in the Japan Market has prevented dealers from buying freely and it is now hoped that the business will not be possible unless a further decline is in evidence. Sampins have declined by about 10/15 points and Exchange has remained steady.

INDIAN YARNS.

The uncertainity about the settlement of the Labour strike is still found, it is believed that within the course of a fortnight the strike will be over. The Stocks with the Mills are small but business during the week has been seriously handicapped on account of the sudden decline in Cotton and dealers have consequently been very nervous. Upcountry Markets are all quiet and have been postponing their purchases for a future date when things appear more clear.

The Moorat transactions do not seem to be very hopeful in view of the fact that there is a general lack of confidence in the present level of prices dealers are very much afraid of a serious drop in rates as soon as the Mills resume work.

A. NORDEN & CO'S REPORT,

COTTON.

September 17th, 1925.

The sharp advance of the past week reflects primarily the general tendency to reduce crop estimates following the abnormal weather conditions which continue to be experienced throughout the South. Scattered showers have been insufficient to check deterioration in the East and although the rainfall which occurred in the Western and Central belts has, in some sections, been beneficial, it unquestionably lowered the grode of open cotton and with much of the staple impaired by drouth, merchants and spinners have shown increasing uneasiness with regard to the character of available supplies. The result is seen in an active spot demand for full inch staple and better with offerings scarce despite the free movement of the crop.

The next Government report will be published on September 23rd giving the crop condition and indicated yield as of yesterday. The "pars" to be used in connection with this report have already been issued and show that the value of each point of condition is 258,550 bales compared with 244,740 bales on September 1st. As a result of this increase, the mid-September condition figure must be below 53.1o/o if current expectations that the yield indication will be less than that of a fortnight ago are to be realized.

Of importance as a market factor, second only to that of the anticipated decrease in the prospective outturn, is the evidence that the outlook of the domestic cotton textile industry is definitely improving. Trading in the dry goods markets has broadened very considerably during the past week and there is an increasing tendency to make forward commitments even at advancing prices. This improvement is confidently expected to continue.

We are of the opinion that a large trade short interest exists and that buying from the source of future contracts as a cover against requirements will prevent any marked decline from present levels. With further unfacourable crop developments not unlikely, we continue to favour purchases on all recessions.

COFFEE.

Long liquidation, prompted by continued weakness in the primary markets and increasing efforts on the part of Brazilian shippers to interest buyers, resulted in a substantial decline. Crop prospects in Brazil are reported to have improved, the weather now being favourable. Although further recessions may occur, forward positions commence to look attractive and we are inclined to favour scale down purchases of July.

SUGAR.

Prices, depressed by liquidation of disappointed longs on continued good crop prospects and on weakness in the spot market, registered new low levels for the season. The refined demand is very limited, buyers holding off in anticipation of lower prices. Present indications are that more favourable opportunities for purchases will be offered.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Bearish features with regard to Wheat appear to have been temporarily discounted but with the technical position improved by considerable short covering, we continue to look for lower prices. Weather conditions in the Corn belt are favourable and the market lacks outside support; sales on rallies appear likely to prove profitable.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

Bombay, Oct. 14.

MONEY.

Money is still in abundant supply in the local market where the rate for Call money is quoted at about 1½ per cent., two to three months fixed deposit about 2 to 2½ per cent. and six months about 4½ per cent. Funds are in demand in Calcutta for the financing of the highly priced jute crop and if the demand continues, a further rise in the bank rate in the near future is quite possible.

In the gilt-edged market prices have eased somewhat in anticipation of tight money after the Diwali holidays. 3½ per cent. Paper declined from Rs. 68-8 to Rs. 68-6 and 5 per cent. Loans, 1923 and 1945-55 declined to Rs. 99-10 and Rs. 99-9. 5 per cent. Loans 1935 is quoted at Rs. 95-15. 5½ per cent. Bonds 1928 dropped by about one anna to Rs. 105-5. 6 per cent. Bonds, 1926 and 1927, changed hands at Rs. 109-15 and Rs. 101-15, 1930 at Rs. 104 and 1932 at Rs. 105. 6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan remained steady at Rs. 108-14.

The Currency figures as at 7th October, 1925, show a slight increase of Rs. 10.13 lakhs in the total number of notes in circulation which now stands at Rs. 189.61 crores. Silver coins have increased by Rs. 9.96 lakhs to Rs. 83.13 crores, while gold bullion and silver under coinage remain unchanged at Rs. 22.31 crores and Rs. 7.04 crores respectively. The percentage of metallic reserve to circulation is 59.33—an increase over last week of .02 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling Exchange was steady throughout the week with sellers of ready T. T. at 1s. 6-5/32d. There were some bills placed both here and in Calcutta, but these were offset by a fair demand for bullion T. T. The Imperial Bank is reported to have made no purchases on Government account during the week. Forward rates continue easy with practically no premium available. The banks' selling rate for ready, October and November is 1s. 6-5/32d., December-January-February 1s. 6-3/16d., March 1s. 6-5/32d. and April 1s. 6-1/8d.

The dollar sterling exchange declined from dollars 4.84¼ to dollars 4.84-1/8 and closes easy at the lower level. French francs have further depreciated to 106.85. Belgian francs have improved to 106, while the Italian lira closes at 122.

A Press Communique issued by the Controller of Currency reports that the total remittance to the Home Treasury from 1st April 1925 to 30th September amounted to £20,548,500. Remittance during the month of September amounted to £677,500.

All our markets will remain closed from 15th to 19th instant on account of Diwali and business has been very much curtailed in consequence.

GOLD.

In the gold market fluctuations in the rates were within a narrow range of about half an anna per tola reflecting the inactivity and lack of interest in this market. The daily average off-take has declined to about 25,000 tolas and the stock is estimated at about 4 lakhs tolas. Both the official and the market price of gold in London are unchanged at 84s. 11½d. The price of sovereigns continues steady at Rs. 13-4-9 both for ready and forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21-4-3 and Rs. 21-3-9 for ready, Rs. 21-3-9 and Rs. 21-3-3 for 1st November settlement and Rs. 21-3-9 and Rs. 21-3-3 for 1st December settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring about £118,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of this week's shipment, the total visible supply from London to India is about £258,000. The total import of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 17,26,265 in bar and coin. It is reported that £375,000 gold and £160,000 sovereigns have been shipped to Bombay from Durban on 12th October.

SILVER.

The firm conditions referred to in our last report continued during the week and sharp fluctuations occurred daily. China operated both ways in this market, while America was more inclined to sell at higher levels. The tone of the market at the close appears steady. The rate for T. T. on London in Shanghai improved from 3s. 2-9/16d to 3s. 3-1/16d. at which level it was last reported as uncertain. The daily average off-take has improved during the week to 130 bars and the stock is estimated at about 2,500 bars. The highest and lowest rates in London during the week were 32-1/8d. and 32-7/8d. for ready and 32-15/16d. and 32-11/16d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 74-13-0 and Rs. 74-4-0 for ready, Rs. 74-5-0 and Rs. 73-11-0 for 5th November settlement and Rs. 74-4-0 and Rs. 73-12-0 for 5th December settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring about £60,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and excluding the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is £280,000. The total import of silver during the week amounted to 1,718 bars and Rs. 16,137 in coin.

SHARES.

The Stock Exchange was open for three days during the period under review. The week opened with a steady tone and some of the speculators were active in bolstering up the prices of a few scrips. At the close the market was quiet due to profit taking. The following are the fluctuations in some of the principal shares:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 812/8-807/8, Century Rs. 395-397/8, Central India Rs. 477/8-472/8, Crescent Rs. 203/12-200, Fazulbhoy Rs. 815-812/12, Madhowji Rs. 87/8-85, New Great Rs. 298/12 290, Pearls Rs. 430-425, Simplex Rs. 110-103/12, and Swadeshi Rs. 455.

The miscellaneous section was steady at the higher levels. Andhra Valleys are quoted at Rs. 485 and Tata Hydros have dropped from Rs. 845 to Rs. 815. Alcocks are quoted at Rs. 103-12, and Tata Iron Ordinarys and Deferreds closed steady at Rs. 12 and Rs. 45. Bombay Trams close at Rs. 94-6. Cement and Manganese shares continue unchanged. There is no change in the price of railway shares.

Among Bank shares Imperial Banks are steady at Rs. 1,415 and Contributories at Rs. 363-12. Bank of India shares are unchanged at Rs. 70 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 22-2.

RUBBER.

London, Oct. 15.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 39½ N/D selers. Tone:—Firmer.

Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 46 1/2 Oct. Buyers.

Tone:—Irregular demand slow closed rather steadier tone.

Ribbed Smoked Sheets 47 paid buyers.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Brigadier Lieb has just arrived from England to set about the collecting of one lakh of rupees toward the one lakh sterling that has been allotted to extensions of Salvation Army Work in India and Ceylon in connection with "The General Booth 70th Birthday Scheme."

The following extensions are decided upon in this Presidency:—

A General Hospital and Training of S. A. Officers' wives in Midwifery in the Maratha country. A General Hospital in Panch Mahals. The training of Indian Women Officers of the Salvation Army in Midwifery in Panch Mahals. The establishment of a Salvation Army Dispensary at Cambay. The building of 20 school buildings in Gujarat and Maharashtra. Industrial Training for Boys in Gujarat.

The great need of Hospitals is proved by the fact that the S. A. Hospital at Anand dealt with no less than 24,000 out-patients in one year, and every one of the Army's medical institutions are kept intensely busy all the time. At present, so far as Western India is concerned, the Army has a large general Hospital at Anand, also a large, specially designed Eye Hospital at the same place, a Dispensary at Dohad, Panch Mahals, and another at the Army's Farm Colony, near Bareja in Ahmedabad District.

The Army has a widespread work going on in Maharashtra, and the need for a proper Hospital there has been felt for a long time past. The proposed new Hospitals will be for the benefit of the entire population, for the poor primarily, and in case of need, for the Paisawalla also. All castes will receive equal treatment, and the S. A. Staff will not be inconsiderate of the customary or religious scruples of others.

The training of obstetric nurses for work among the poor and ignorant in Maharashtra and the Bhils and other backward races in Panch Mahals should command the special sympathy of philanthropists and the general public. These primitive Bhil people have a most brutal method of dealing with maternity cases, so that only about fifty per cent. of the young mothers live through the terrible ordeal. They are literally trod underfoot by big men, and broken ribs and death commonly follow.

The supplying of trained midwives to the needy masses in the villages and scattered hamlets in districts like the Panch Mahals, must in the ordinary way always be fraught with great difficulty; but the Salvation Army, by training the wives of its Officers, is able to appoint them to the most needy places and so meet this great need in a most practical manner. A trained European woman officer is already at work doing this most useful form of social service in Panch Mahals, thus the Army works while it believes and hustles while it waits. Surely every well-wisher of these backward races will gladly come forward to assist with funds for the development of this needful work.

A large number of the Salvation Army Day schools are lacking in suitable accommodation. Badly ventilated and still more badly lighted village mud or wattle huts are utilized, and in some cases a mere verandah in which it is next to impossible to hold the children's attention, is the only accommodation available. Now, in connection with the General Booth's 70th Birthday Scheme, it has been decided to put up twenty village halls for this purpose in the Bombay Presidency, and the modest request is made, that the public of Western India should subscribe not less than one rupee toward each pound sterling that will be incurred by the Army for this object.

Brigadier Lieb, who has come to assist Commissioner Horskins, by waiting upon friends and sympathizers for donations for the above objects, has previously worked in this city and also spent some years in Burma, doing most useful work. But seeing it may be impossible for him to get round to see all those who feel they would like to help the poor and needy in this way, donations may be sent direct to Commissioner J. Horskins, Salvation Army Headquarters, Morland Road, Byculla, Bombay.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, Oct. 16.

Disturbed weather in Bay has developed into deep depression or possibly a storm of small diameter with centre about a hundred miles east of Sandheads.

It has caused widespread rain in Burma and Bengal with heavy falls locally in South Bengal.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Burma, Bengal, Malabar, and local in Assam, Orissa, Mysore and north Madras Coast. A few falls have occurred in Behar, East Central Provinces and South-east Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Rangoon three inches, Diamond Island four, Mandalay one and a half, Tavoy, Bhamo and Maymyo one, Myitkyina two, Silchar one, Cox's Bazar four, Chittagong three, Noakhali, Calcutta five, Barisal, Jessore one and a half, Saugor Island, Mymensingh one, Burdwan, Balasore two, Mercara one and a half, and Mangalore three.

Forecast:—An increase in Assam and Central Bengal.—A. P.

CYCLONIC WEATHER IN RANGOON.

RANGOON, Oct. 16.

Cyclonic weather is prevailing since last night. A strong gale has been blowing this morning as a result of which a number of big trees were blown down in the city. One goods wagon was capsized near the wharf, one launch sank in the river, while three cargo boats are reported to have sunk. Much damage is said to have been done to houses and huts in the outskirts of the city, but no loss of life in any case is reported. There have been heavy showers also.—A. P.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Summary of observations during 24 hours, ending at 8 A m. of 16th Oct 1925

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr at 8 a.m. inches	29.82	
Below normal	05.7	
Temperature of Air at 8 a. m.	83.4	degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer at 8 a.m.	79.4	"
Relative humidity of Air	83%	
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	4	"
Minimum temperature of Air	90.0	"
Above normal	1.5	
Maximum do. do.	100.2	"
Above normal	3.1	
Direction of Wind at 8 a. m.	S.S.E.	
Movement of Wind during 24 hours	125	miles
Fall of Rain	0.00	inches
Total fall during month ..	0.19	"
Do. do. year.. ..	50.45	"

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Std.	Day of Month	LOW WATER Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Std.
	Oct	h. m.	ft in	Oct.	h. m.	ft
Fr.	16	9 16	6 8	16	3 19	18 5
		22 11	6 6		15 55	17 7
Sat.	17	10 14	8 4	17	9 10	16 7
		23 39	7 9		21 32	16 6
Sun.	18	3 54	8 9	18	13 23	16 3
		15 14	8 8			15 3
M.	19	6 47	8 6	19	6 46	21 3
		18 37	8 8		18 44	
Tu.	20	0 34	29 0	20	6 24	17 7
		12 32	7 8		18 28	15 1
W.	21	1 14	28 9	21	7 1	18 3
		13 7	27 3		19 4	15 4
Th.	22	1 56	28 5	22	7 43	19 1
		13 47	23 5		19 44	16 4

	Sunrise	Sunset.
Oct. 17 (Sat.)	6h. 33m.	6h. 16m.
Oct. 18 (Sun.)	6h. 34m.	6h. 15m.
Oct. 19 (Mon.)	6h. 34m.	6h. 14m.
Oct. 20 (Tue.)	6h. 34m.	6h. 14m.
Oct. 21 (Wed.)	6h. 34m.	6h. 13m.
Oct. 22 (Thus.)	6h. 35m.	6h. 12m.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

A public meeting of the people of Badlapur and the neighbouring villages was held at Badlapur on the 11th instant to put forward the necessity of a bridge over the River Ulhas near Badlapur. Mr. Bhopatkar, presided. Speeches were made showing how the operations of The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. and of the Bombay Development Department on the river Ulhas since 1922 had made it imperative that a bridge should be built across the river at Badlapur.

A meeting of the citizens of Sangor held on 11th inst. expressed its "deep sympathy with the Indian settlers in South Africa in their troubles" and assured them of all the support that it was within its powers to give them to maintain their position and self-respect in South Africa.

The Central Provinces and Berar Clerks' conference will meet this year at Hoshangabad. The dates for sittings are 27th, 28th and 29th December next.

On the 13th inst. a meeting in the Jumma Mosque, presided over by Moulvi Mohamed Yakub, a member of the Assembly, was addressed by Moulana Ahmed Saeed who discussed the present situation and the question of unity.

Ambala, Oct. 15th.—Tongawalas have gone on strike as a protest against the Cantonement authorities insisting on their purchasing uniforms costing Rs. 24 each. Most of the tongawalas have left the town with their tongas and the place is practically without any means of conveyance. The authorities appear to be firm.—A. P.

Calcutta, Oct. 16.—The first indigo forecast for 1925-26 shows that the total area sown is estimated at 13 per cent. above the corresponding estimate of last year and the total yield of dye is estimated at 28 per cent above the corresponding estimate of yield last year.—A. P.

A branch of the Punjab National Bank Ltd., of Lahore has been opened at Allahabad.—A. P.

Karachi, Oct. 16.—The foundation stone of the New Hindu Gymkhana was laid by Mr. P. R. Cadell, Commissioner in Sind last evening.—A. P.

The District Traffic Superintendent M. S. M. Ry., Guntakal wires that through running between Dronachalam and Kurnool is expected to be resumed on the 18th instant.—A. P.

The Punjab National Bank opened its Allahabad branch on Friday under the supervision of its Joint Secretary, Srijut Purshottamdas Tandon. The opening ceremony was performed by Pandit Motilal Nehru, who in declaring the Bank open drew attention to the soundness of its position and hoped that the people of Allahabad would make it their own.

A Kumta correspondent wires:—

Mr. Annappa Ramachandra Pai a leading dalal and landholder, was elected President of the Kumta Municipality after a severe contest. When the result was declared the unsuccessful candidate Mr. Kalyanpurku, President District Congress Committee, offered congratulations to Mr. Pai.

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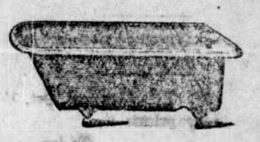

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MAHARAJ LIBEL CASE.

DEVAKINANDAN AND LATE MR. DWARKADAS.

FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MR. PRAGJI SOORJI.

The further hearing of the Maharaj Libel Case took place before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on Tuesday, the 6th instant.

Mr. Pragji Soorji was further cross-examined by Mr. Dhirajilal C. Setalwad, Barat-law, instructed by Messrs. Lakhia Zaiwalla and Co., Solicitors.

Q.—Do you know Mr. Ramanbhai Mahipatram of Ahmedabad? (The Court:—'Do you mean the poet'?—Mr. Setalwad, "No, I mean Mr. Ramanbhai Mahipatram Nilkanth"). A.—No.

Q.—Do you know that Ramanbhai was present at the marriage of Vallabhji? (The Court: 'How can he say that ") A.—There were so many persons present thousands were present. I do not know whether he was present there.

Q.—Did you know the late Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey? A.—I knew him. I do not know if he was 'Chela' of Devakinandan Maharaj. I do not think he had a 'Mantra' from him. I was not on terms of thick friendship with Dwarkadas Dharamsey. I was friendly with him.

Q.—Do you know that Devakinandan Maharaj went on tour with Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey? (The Court: 'What is the relevancy'?—Mr. Setalwad: I am going to show that prostitutes or singing girls were taken with them.—The Court, 'You may fix some time'. Mr. Setalwad: Prior to Devakinandan Maharaj coming to stay with the witness at his Warden Road House). A.—Devakinandan Maharaja and Dwarkadas Dharamsey had gone to Poona prior to Devakinandan Maharaj coming to stay at my Warden Road House.

Q.—Do you know that dancing girls regularly accompanied them (The Court: As a part of the luggage?—Mr. Velinkar: As a part of the bagage.) A.—That is false.

Q.—Do you know one Niru Kutni? (Mr. Velinkar: "Kutni" means a brothel-keeper, a procurer.) A.—I do not know. (The Court: What is your case, Mr. Setalwad, about Niru Kutni?—No answer.)

Q.—I put it to you, Mr. Pragji, that this Niru Kutni was constantly coming to you at the Warden Road House when Devakinandan Maharaj stayed with you? (The Court: For the Maharaj or for the witness? —Mr. Setalwad: For the Maharaj). A.—I do not know anything about Niru Kutni. It is false that Niru Kutni came to my bungalow when Devakinandan Maharaj was staying at my bungalow.

Q.—Do you know of a Mahomedan woman, named Husna? A.—No.

Q.—She is at Banares. A.—I do not know.

Q.—On the last occasion, you told us that you know one Bapu Tara? A.—Yes.

BAPU TARA.

Q.—Was this Bapu Tara a constant visitor at your place when Devakinandan Maharaj was staying with you? A.—No. Bapu Tara was one of the disciples of the Maharaj and as other disciples, came she would also come. (The Court: When the Maharaj was in Bombay? A.—Yes.)

Q.—What is she, may I know? A.—She is a singing girl. (The Court: 'A singer.') (The Court: Is she alive? A.—I do not know. Mr. Setalwad: She is alive, your worship.)

Q.—I put it to you, Mr. Pragji, that this Bapu Tara was a favourite. (Laughter) (The Court: Whose favourite? You mean 'Favourite" as a disciple? Mr. Setalwad: Yes. She was a favourite. The Court: what do you mean by 'favourite?' Mr. Setalwad: My submission is that Bapu Tara was constantly visiting Devakinandan Maharaj for the purpose of singing. The Court: The witness will deny. It may be true or it may be false. You can prove that that is false. Mr. Setalwad: Very well.

Q.—Then, I will put the question like this —whether she was a favourite (The Court: He will not understand it. What he the witness said was that 'She was a disciple.' Mr. Setalwad: I mean 'favourite' as a dancing girl. The Court: Oh, 'favourite' as a dancing girl? The Maharaj likes a dancing girl? Mr. Setalwad: Yes: Mr. Velinkar: That is an involved question. It includes two questions.' The Court: That is what is called by a counsel in the High Court as "double dealing." (To the Interpreter). Tell the witness that the counsel wants to know whether this girl was liked by the Maharaja. A—The dancing girl is like his disciple, his daughter. The Court: The less the witness speaks the better).

Q.—Do you know a Mandir in Champagally known as 'Wandravalla Mandir?" A.—I do not know (The Court: What about that? Mr. Setalwad: That Temple is endowed by Moolji Jetha.) A.—Moolji Jetha Mandir is at Kalbadevi Road, at the junction of Vithalwadi and Kalbadevi.

ALLEGED PROHIBITED ENTRY INTO TEMPLE.

Q.—Did Devakinandan once upon a time want to go there? (The Court: What for? What is the suggestion? Mr. Setalwad: Devakinandan Maharaj wanted to visit the Temple. The Court: Supposing he wanted to, what then? I am not interested in whether he wanted to go there or not. What is your point? If you explain, I will allow the question. Mr. Setalwad: My point is this. Devakinandan Maharaja wanted to go to this Mandir, but he was forbidden to go there. The Trustees of the Mandir have passed a resolution that no Goswami should be allowed to enter the Mandir. The Court: He was prevented from going there for what, for what was he prevented? You might ask a man not to go to a temple because he might be a drunkard. Mr. Setalwad: He (Devakinandan) was of immoral conduct. The Court: Oh, then go on, if that is your case, by all means put the question.)

Q.—Did Devkinandan Maharaja (The Court: You have instructions of your client to put all these questions? Mr. Setalwad: Yes. Mr. Velinkar: I do not wish to interfere with this cross-examination, but I hope, the learned counsel realises the responsibility. The Court: It is for them. Mr. Setalwad: Those are my instructions. The Court: He has his client's instructions, Mr. Velinkar. Mr. Velinkar: Then he can go on. He is entitled. I quite realise you cannot stop him if he realises his responsibility. The Court: (To the Interpreter) Ask the witness: 'Is it true that once the Maharaja (Devakinandan) was not allowed to enter the Temple, that is being endowed by Moolji Jetha, and that is at Vithalwadi, because the Maharajah was known to be a man of immoral conduct' A.—That is false) (The following note was made by the Court: 'It is false that the Maharaja was prevented from entering the Temple, endowed by Moolji Jetha and situate at Vithalwadi, as the Maharaja was a man of immoral conduct.' A.—(Continued) That is false. Not only he was not prevented, but Moolji Jetha's family ladies and others go for the 'Darshan' of the Maharaja. (The Court: That does not matter. I know of families where ladies do go to the Maharaja and where the heads do not worship the Maharajah.) Mr. Setalwad: Has he ever been there? Did he ever go there? Did Devakinandan Maharaja ever go to that Temple? (The Court's note ran as follows: 'As a matter of fact, the ladies of Moolji Jetha's family are the worshippers of the Maharaja.' A.—Not only the ladies, but along with them the other members of the family.) (Question repeated). A.—I had accompanied him twice to that Temple. He had gone to the Temple.

Q.—You know Mr. Lalji Naranji, who is a Trustee of that Temple now? A.—I do not know him.

MR. JAMNADAS DWARKADAS.

Q.—Do you know Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas? (The Court: Have you explained to your client the risk of this sort of cross-examination? If your bases are false Mr. Setalwad: Those are my instructions. The Court: I do not wish to stop you. I give you a full latitude. Do not think for a moment that I will stop you. I only want to know whether you are not—if I may say so—I only want to know if your client realises for himself the risk of going into all these things, the risk of a cross-examination of this kind. I am not referring to this particular case but to every defamation case, when you are trying to defame, every case of mud-slinging, mud-casting on the opposite side which is purely done for the purpose of having a fun at the expense of somebody else. That is a matter which the Court may take into consideration in case there is a conviction. Mr. Setalwad: Those are the instructions.

Q.—Do you know Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas? A.—Yes, I know him, he was first my servant and then my partner.

Q.—On the last occasion it was stated that you had never seen Blaktanand's book? A.—No.

Q.—I put it to you that that book was brought to your notice and to the notice of Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey by Mr. Jamnadas? A.—First I do not remember. So far as I remember that statement is not true. (The note of the Court ran thus: 'I do not remember whether Blaktanand's book was brought to my notice and to the notice of Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey by Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas.') A.—As far as I remember this has never happened.

Q.—I put it to you that after that had happened, you and Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey took the book to Devakinandan Maharaja, A.—That is absolutely false. (The note of the Court: 'It is false that I and Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey took that book to Devakinandan Maharaja.')

Q.—Devkinandan Maharaja then said that a major portion of it was correct? A.—Not at all. (The note of the Court: 'It is false that he (Devkinanda n Maharaja) said that a major portion of the book was correct.' A.—(Continued) the book was never taken. (The Court: To Devakinandan Maharaja? A.—Yes.)

Q.—On the last occasion you told us that Vallabhji came to know of these writings after you filed the complaint? A.—No, no, I did not say that. (The Court: The question is:—"Vallabhji came to know about the allegations against Devakinandan Maharaja after you filed the suit? Mr. Oliviera: About what writings? Mr. Setalwad: About the writings in the "Pole."

Q.—I put it to you that Vallabhji knew about these writings before you filed the complaint? A.—No, so far as I know, Vallabhji had no knowledge of the writings. (The Court's note: "As far I knew Vallabhji did not know of the writings in 'Pole' before I filed my complaint in the court.")

Q.—I put it to you that you went to Vallabhji, and Vallabhji refused to file the complaint. (Mr. Oliviera: This has to be substantiated. Mr. Setalwad: Yes) A.—I never spoke to him about these writings.

Q.—I put it to you that then a dispute arose between you and Vallabhji (The Court: Dispute about what? Whether the complaint should be filed or not? Mr. Setalwad: Yes) A.—This is not true, besides Vallabhji is not in Bombay.

Q.—I put it to you that Vahco Maharajah (Bhagirthi Vahu Maharajah) intervened? A.—That is false.

Q.—Vallabhji then left Bombay in disgust —A. No.

(To be Concluded.)

NADKARNI CUP TOURNAMENT

HYDERABAD BEAT COLABA RANGERS

The match between the Colaba Rangers and the Zamet Club from Hyderabad on Friday evening was the best seen in the tournament so far. In fact it was as good as any played in the Rovers Cup. Both teams were fast and the passing was crisp. Perhaps Hyderabad had the advantage in point of size and weight but the Rangers made them go all out to win by the odd goal in three. The visitors' backs were quite safe, kicking well and giving nothing away.

Hyderabad started well and after eight minutes of play drew first blood. It was the result of the left wing dashing away and centreing well for Riasat Ali Khan to score with a terrific first timer. In a similar manner the second goal came soon after, the same forward being responsible for it. This seemed to have a stimulating effect upon the local side who settled down to business with a will. After tricking three players Bapu raced on to score the only goal for the Rangers. The interval arrived with the visitors leading at 2—1. They would certainly have scored more goals but that they were foiled by Tukaram, the Rangers' goalie, who gave a sterling display. In the first few minutes he was literally bombarded but always managed to make magnificent saves.

The second half was hotly contested but neither side could improve on their score. In the last five minutes the Rangers' forward line got away in good style and Bapu crossed the ball well to Vishram who had a gift of a chance. To no purpose, however, for the inner and Manajer managed to collide and the movement fizzled out. The Rangers could not get to close quarters again as the Hyderabad backs invariably cleared well up the field.

Zamet Club, Hyderabad:—Khader Khan; Abdul Khadus and S. Jamil Ahmed: Habib Mohamad Khan, Mahtab Khan, and Mahboob Khan; Abdul Majid, Syed Yusuf, Riasat Ali Khan Sadrudin Khan and Mahboob Shrief.

Colaba Rangers:—Tukaram; Shivaram and Babu; Premlal, Pamjee and Shivaswami Ramchander, Bapu, Vishram and Manajee.

PROSPECTS OF MADRAS RACES,

MADRAS, Oct. 15.

It is expected that a large number of horses will be entered for this year's Madras races, commencing on December 5th. The course has never been in better order and stewards have introduced several new improvements in enclosures this year. A string of horses is coming from Colombo in charge of sikes. Captain Beedham is bringing a number of horses from Calcutta, including some belonging to Mr. Pogose.

Mr. Eve is sending an excellent lot with Dillon, Tommy Nelson will be in charge of a good batch, mostly belonging to local owners. Among other trainers expected here during the season are Ryan, Baker, Gegg, Trahan, Orchard and several others. A very large number of Arab owners and trainers are also coming.

An interesting feature of the coming season will be griffin races provided under the griffin scheme to encourage local owners. The club has already landed 23 from England. All these have been taken over by local owners and 18 of them will be fit to run this year, besides several more in extras.—A.P.

MIDDLE PARK STAKES.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

The Middle Park Stakes at Newmarket resulted as follows:—

LEX	 1
CORONACH	 2
TENACITY	 3

Betting:—100/12 against Lex, seven to one on Coronach, 100/7 against Tenacity. Three ran.

Won by a neck. One and a half lengths separated second and third.—Reuter's Special.

DIWALI.

To-day is the Diwali (or the Feast of the Lamps) which is celebrated in honour of the goddess Kali or Bhawani who was formerly propitiated by human sacrifices and Vishnu's victory over the domon Naraka. This festival seems to be however more peculiarly consecrated to Lakshmi or the Goddess of prosperity. The feast began on Dhan Teras on Thursday and would end to-day, the last day of the Hindu year. It is celebrated by cleaning and whitewashing the houses and illuminations in different colours. The city was well illuminated last night at Mulji Jetha and Mangaldas cloth markets, Kalbadevi and Marwari Bazar. Crowds of people were seen last night roaming about in the town to have a view of the illuminations. To-day the Vikramaditya Samvat year 1981 ends and the merchants would close their account books this evening. New journals, day books and ledgers would be brought to-day for worship and fresh entries.

SHELTERS FOR RICKSHAWALLAS.

SIMLA, Oct. 16.

Her Excellency the Countess of Reading has written to the Simla Municipality offering two shelters for rickshaw "jhamplanies" near Cecil Hotel and Chalet, to protect them from rain and cold. She is prepared to pay a maximum of Rs. 10,000/- for building these shelters provided the local Municipality properly maintains them. The Municipality has gratefully accepted Her Excellency's offer.—A. P.

DEATHS CAUSED BY DEWALI PHATAKA.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 16.

On Thursday night four persons while crossing an Indian quarter received severe burns through an explosion of some fireworks. Three of the injured persons are reported to have died in hospital.—A. P.

"AN INDIVIDUAL LAPSE."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Commenting on your leader headed "An Individual Lapse", Mr. L. R. Tairsee, in your issue of the 15th instant, discusses the sins of the Swaraj Party and thus passes on to justify the action of Mr. Tambe. It seems to me, Sir, there is some confusion of thought and I am sure that if Mr. Tairsee will take upon himself to think over the position you have taken, he would not only appreciate the same, but will come to the conclusion that it is the only position for a man who means well and has the desire to adopt equitable means. You have said, Sir, that if Mr. Tambe wanted to accept Ministership, he was free to do so provided he resigned his office on the Executive Committee of the C. P. Swaraj Party in advance; and I am sure all decent-minded people will endorse your opinion. As regards the sins of the Swaraj Party, I may, with your permission, take some other opportunity to expose the fallacies though it seems to me that it is not necessary after the masterly series of articles contributed by Pandit Motilal Nehru in the columns of your esteemed journal. For the present it is sufficient to say Mr. Tambe did not act fairly in accepting the Ministership, knowing fully that the political institution of which he was a member, did not allow him to do so.—Yours, etc.

C. M. DESAI.

DR. A. K. DALAL.

Last week's "Bombay Government Gazette" announces the appointment of Dr. Anandrai K. Dalal, the well-known surgeon of Bombay, as the permanent Professor of Operative and Clinical Surgery at the Grant Medical College, and Surgeon, J. J. Hospital. Under the Indianization scheme proposed to be introduced by the Government in the medical service, Dr. Dalal is the first Indian, outside the privileged class of I.M.S., to be appointed to one of the superior posts at the Grant Medical College which are reserved for that service and appointments to which are made by the Secretary of State. He has already put in twelve years' work at the J. J. Hospital, and has been acting in his present post for the last nine years. He has also acted as the Senior Surgeon twice before.

Dr. Dalal has had a brilliant career, both at the University and in the profession. After passing the L. M. & S. examination of the Bombay University first class first, he was awarded the Government of India foreign scholarship for three years (1908—11). This is considered a rare distinction, as the scholarship used to be assigned to each province by rotation, and was open to candidates in all branches of study. In England Dr. Dalal creditably passed the F.R.C.S. examination, and also held the House appointment of the Metropolitan Hospital in London for some time.

Both as a Professor at the College and as a practitioner, Dr. Dalal enjoys a position which can be claimed by few. It will be remembered that he was the one doctor whom Mahatmaji desired to be present by his side when he was operated upon for appendicitis at Poona a year and a half ago. Dr. Dalal recently performed a successful operation for double hernia on Principal Gidwani of the Gujarat National College, Ahmedabad. He is, besides, a surgeon on the honorary staff of the Sir Hurkissondas Hospital.

In this connection it may be pointed out that the Bombay Government have not yet announced their policy regarding Indianization in the medical service, though it is quite a long time since the Lee Commission's report was published. All the other provincial Governments have already declared their policy in favour of increased Indianization.

SWARAJISTS' URGENT MEETING?

MADRAS, Oct. 16.

Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, M.L.A., General Secretary of the All-India Swarajya Party has issued the following notice:—

An urgent meeting of the General Council of the All-India Swarajya Party will be held at Nagpur on Sunday the 1st of November. The actual time of the day and the place of meeting will be announced later at Nagpur. As the meeting deals with very important business relating to the party, I am desired by Pundit Motilal Nehru to request you to make it a point to attend the meeting positively. The meeting is called for the consideration of, (1) the situation created in the Central Provinces by the action of Mr. Tambe in accepting the office of Executive Councillor in the Central Provinces Government (2) the further programme of work of the party and (3) any other subject that may be brought up by the General Secretary at the instance of the Executive Council.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Governor of the Punjab leaves Simla on Saturday for Hoshiarpur district and will arrive at Lahore on 22nd October. His Excellency leaves again on the 24th for a short tour in the Multan and Montgomery districts and after that will attend the opening of the Khyber Railway on 2nd November.

His Excellency the Delegate Apostolic Mgr. Leticier, representative of His Holiness the Pope, has arrived in Simla.

A largely attended garden party was given by the Hon. Sir Shadi Lal, Chief Justice, Lahore High Court, at his house yesterday evening to bid farewell to Hon. Mr. Justice Abdul Raoof, on his retirement. Judges of the High Court, leading members of the Bar and many prominent citizens were present.

Lady Wilson opened a Fancy Bazaar at the Convent of Jesus and Mary, Poona, on the afternoon of Thursday.

GUJARATI PROV. KHADI BHANDAR.

DIWALI GREETINGS,

Prominent leaders of the city have issued an appeal to the public to help the cause of the Khaddar movement by purchasing Khadi during the Diwali days from the Gujarat Provincial Khadi Bhandar (Dadyseth Agiari Lane, Kalbadevi). The manager of the Bhandar undertakes to comply with orders for all sorts and varieties of Khadi on receiving a post card from intending customers.

KHADI BHANDARS.

The Khadi Bandar on the Princess Street and the Gujarat Provincial Congress Khadi Bhandar on the Kalbadevi Road are now both under the management of the All-India Khadi Board. Profiteering, therefore, being out of the question, both Bhandars are now in a position to supply at very moderate prices all varieties of Khaddar of every day use. Khadi lovers patronising these Bhandars will have the satisfaction that a greater part of their money must necessarily go to the poor spinners and weavers in the villages.

BOMBAY SOCIAL SERVICE CONFERENCE

The Bombay Council of Social Workers has decided to organise the 1st session of the Bombay Social Service Conference by the end of November, 1925. The Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas will preside.

It has been decided to discuss the following subjects in the session:—(1) Untouchability; (2) Housing Problem; (3) Adult Education; (4) Village Sanitation; (5) Unemployment; (6) Prison Reform. Papers have been invited from competent persons on these subjects and would be printed and distributed among the delegates so as to enable them to consider the problems presented before them and thus arrive at some mature and well thought out conclusions.

The Bombay Council of Social Workers appeals to individual workers and institutions to co-operate with it in making the Conference success. All Social Service Institutions in the Province are requested to join the Conference and send their delegates. The delegation fee is Rs. 2 only. For members on Reception Committee the fee is Rs. 3 only. For particulars write to Miss B. A. Engineer, General Secretary of the Conference (Social Service League, Girgaum), Bombay.

HAPPY HOME FOR THE BLIND.

The Hon. Secretary of the above Institution in the course of a public appeal says:—

This Happy Home for the Blind desires to house, board, clothe and reclaim the helpless, homeless blind who are now left on the streets of India. It therefore earnestly appeals to you for money that you may build it, collect a substantial amount to build and run it. Those who have studied this question put down the figure for the totally blind of both eyes at 1,500,000. Then, again, we have another double, if not a larger number, of the partially blind. These are for all practical purposes no better than blind.

Welcome are the efforts of the police to pick them up from the streets and the Act for the Protection of Children. But what avail these without a proper place to receive them! The schools for the blind are few. The blind on the streets are many. They are a mass of physical and moral dirt. Their direct admission to schools seems quite undesirable. They deserves to be housed apart at least for a time. That is the first step in their reclamation. This Happy Home for the Blind wishes to supply this sore need.

The West has taught India that her blind can learn. Her missionaries, in the last forty years, have opened schools for them. These together with about five started by indigenous efforts number 16. They teach about 500 blind in all. They have taught India to take care of her blind.

The Home expects you to move in this matter. It wishes you and all friends of the blind (a) to send money, (b) to organise societies, (c) to arrange drawing room and other meetings, concerts, etc., (d) to collect funds, and (e) to supply information about our blind to all interested in them.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH OF A HINDU.

At about 7-30 a.m. on Friday a police havaldar No. 701-C was on duty at Walkeshwar when he found the dead body of a Hindu male aged about 20 years floating in the Benganga Tank. The police made enquiries in the locality but nobody came forward to claim the body. The deceased had an injury near the right eye. The body was removed to the morgue for inquest.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Diwali: Bank holiday.

The s.s. Mooltan leaves with the English mails at 1 p.m.

SUNDAY, October 18.

Hindu New Year: Samvat 1982.

STEAMER'S MOVEMENT.—The P. and O. mail steamer "Ranpura" arrived London on Thursday, the 15th instant.

DR. GULAMALLY'S EYE HOSPITAL.—At Dr. Gulamally's Eye Hospital, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, the total attendance of different nationalities in September last was 860; males being 720 and 140 females.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.—Prof. N. G. Welinker will conduct the weekly Divine Service in the Bombay Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum, to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.). All are invited to attend. The morning Divine Service will be at 7-30 a.m. (S. T.)

PANDHARPUR ORPHANAGE.—Diwali greetings from the poor orphans of the Pandharpur Orphanage and Foundling Asylum and earnest entreaties to all for help during these joyous holidays. The institution requires Rs. 3,000 monthly for maintaining its helpless inmates, and any contribution towards it, sent to the Secretary, Prarthana Samaj, Bombay, will be thankfully received.

BAI BACHUBAI DISPENSARY.—At the charitable dispensary of the late Bai Bachubai, wife of Sheth Kanji Kursondas, conducted by the Social Service League at Parel, the total number of patients treated during the month of September, 1925, was 2,155, out of whom 1,183 were women and 972 children, 561 being boys and 411 girls. The average daily attendance of patients was 83.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.—Swami Yatiswarananda of the Sri Ramakrishna Mission will conduct a public class in English on the "Gospel of Sri Ramakrishna" at the Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Bandra, at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.), to-morrow (Sunday). The Swami will also give a public discourse on "Bhakti Yoga" at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Arya Bhavan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) the same day.

Swami Viswananda will deliver a public discourse on the "Gita" at Kirtikar's Wadi, Dadar, at 9 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday). The Gita Class at the Saraswat Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi, will be conducted by the Swami at 6 p.m. to-day.

KURLA'S ADDRESS TO MR. PATEL.—A public meeting of the residents of Kurla will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Hanuman Cinema Theatre near the Kurla Railway Station for the purpose of presenting an address to the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel in honour of his being the first elected President of the Indian Legislative Assembly. Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta will, preside

VILE PARLE NATIONAL SCHOOL.—The principal of the Vile Parle National School which imparts free education on national lines to the children of many suburban families have issued an earnest appeal for funds.

This school teaches all the subjects that are generally taught in other schools and it has standards commencing from Gujrati elementary classes to English third standard. It also teaches Hindi, music, knitting, caning and spinning. Girls and boys study together in all the standards, in one class in order that the high ideal of brotherly and sisterly love can be developed and maintained among the students.

SOCIAL WORK AMONG KAIKADIS.

A meeting of the Kaikadis was convened by the Social Service League and held on the 11th instant at the Damodar Hall, Parel, when Mr. Hyam S. Israel, Assistant to the Criminal Tribes Settlement Officer of the Bombay Government, presided. Mr. Hyam explained why the Government had entrusted social work among the Kaikadis to the Social Service League and gave an idea of the work that could be done by the League in this direction and finally exorted the audience to take full advantage of the opportunities placed at their disposal by the Government through the Social Service League. Mr. G. N. Sahasrabudhe of the League then spoke on behalf of the League and explained how the League proposed to carry on the social work among the Kaikadis. It was then decided in consultation with the leading members of the tribe to direct the activities of the League on some definite lines.

NEW YORK & LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKETS.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC QUOTATIONS.

(From Cotton Telegraphic Information Service.)
Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

January. 16th October, 1925.

Market.	Closing rate on previous day.	Opening rate.	Closing rate	Difference.
NEW YORK	20.65	20.85 +20	Not Received	
LIVERPOOL	11.14	11.08 —06	11.23	+09

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Secretary.

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THE MIND GOVERNS.

by

SOHRAB A. CALIANIWALA.

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MR. NASARVANJI P. PAVRI, B.A., LL.B. writes:—

"It is very difficult to say whether the readers of this charming booklet—THE MIND GOVERNS—are to be congratulated on the exquisite pleasure they would derive from the perusal of the same, or the talented and energetic author of the publication, no other than the publisher of the Sunshine Publishing House.

In a most skilful and ingenious manner are here to be seen woven and set some of the precious literary and artistic jewels: Pope, Carlyle and D. G. Rossetti are here introduced to the reader's notice in a most fascinating manner imaginable. The pages devoted to the analytical study of the philosophy of intellectual giants like Nietzsche Meredith and Mr. Thomas Hardy are specimens of masterly exposition and lucidity—expressing in a few pages the sum and substance of their theories which the learned writer must have devoted days and nights to the study of the same.

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NOTICE.

To-morrow being Hindu New Year's Day, the office of the "Bombay Chronicle" will be closed There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper on Monday.

The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1925.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST BILL.

The Bill for transferring the powers and properties of the Bombay Improvement Trust to the Municipal Corporation has not been liberalised by the Select Committee of the Bombay Legislative Council. Considering the weakness of the popular party in the Council and the capacity of Government to deflect votes, we are afraid that certain blemishes will remain in the enactment, and it will devolve on a freshly elected Council to improve that measure. The Select Committee has in the first place endorsed the principle of nomination in the Improvement Committee In order to accommodate more representatives of the capitalist classes, the strength of the Committee has been increased to 18, only 11 of whom are to be elected by the Corporation. The Government retain the right of three nominations in the Committee and as if to make things even, the majority of the Select Committee suggest that three seats should be reserved for the direct representation of the European Chamber, the Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Millowners' Association. All these three bodies are represented in the general body and while their agents are free to be elected to the Improvement Committee, they still insist on having an extra pull equivalent to more than one-fourth of the weight of elected members. Mr. S. K. Bole weakly suggests that the Committee should be amplified by the presence of labour representatives. The right course would be to make the Committee entirely elected by the body which is taking over the responsibility of the Improvement Trust. We do not minimise the importance of the three bodies claiming interior representation in addition to their voice in the Municipality itself. To improve upon a vicious principle, is it not more plausible to hold that the Port Trust which has no reciprocal representation in the Municipality should be allowed a seat rather than the three clamorous constituencies? Before we allow special representation for those who are already strong and effective, and provoke bodies like the Stock Exchange and the Missionary Council and the Turf Club to emulate them, we ought to make a clear sweep of the rule of nomination and stick to election by the Municipality which, after all, will have to shoulder the credit or discredit of the innovation. The reasonable alternative is to retain the strength of the Committee at fifteen and make it the administrative organ responsible to the general body.

Two members of the Select Committee, Messrs. Huseinbhoy Lalji and Punjabhai Thackersey, oppose the payment of fees for the attendance of the Committee which corresponds to the Standing Committee of the Corporation. They declare that work should be done out of public spirit which cannot be equated in terms of money. As public administration is shared by the poorer classes, the tendency to-day is, as in Parliament, to pay a reasonable remuneration to those who devote their time to public service. As control is passing from the hands of the rich and leisured classes it is only fair that there should be payment enough to discourage temptation. The award of Rs. 30 to one who attends the Committee meetings cannot be considered excessive or mercenary and the exigencies of finance are the sole argument against the payment of all members of assemblies and councils. However that may be, there are serious defects in the Bill on the side of financial control. The chief accountant ought to be assured of direct access to the Improvements Committee when he thinks that the interests of the trust require first-hand representation. To put the chief financial officer under the heel of the executive would be a mistake. Sir M. Visvaswarayya's Retrenchment Report brings out the need of the reform in the Corporation while past wrangles among the finance-officers of the Improvement Trust itself re-inforce the suggestion of initial reform. In regard to the deposit of surplus funds, the Select Committee has not altered the restriction that they should be placed at interest with the Imperial Bank of India. It is added that the Government are to prescribe the bank or banks in which money may be deposited. The responsibility of distribution and safety should be conceded to the general body or the Committee, for we do not want to begin with any favouritism or disability in respect of other solvent banks. As if to emphasise distrust in the experiment, the majority interpolates conditions of facile retirement to officers who choose to be disgruntled. They insert as a sub-section of Section 109 that any officer of the Trust who had been in service for more than five years should be free to retire in two years of the transfer and at the same time enjoy the residue of leave due to him *plus* the contribution of the Trustees to the provident fund of permanent officers. The provision is analogous to the premium on retirement offered by the Government on the eve of the Reforms. Officers who are not willing to co-operate in lawful changes should resign and take the consequences. Special treatment for recalcitrants should not be allowed, and public servants should learn that it does not pay to indulge in the pastime of rocking the boat.

The appointment of the Chief Officer is by election, a procedure worthy of being extended to the case of the Municipality. The majority of the Select Committee reduces the starting salary of the Chief Officer to Rs. 2,000. We suggest there should be no statutory minimum. The discretion of payment should rest with the general body. The Calcutta Corporation, which in size and revenue, is one of the hugest public bodies in the whole world, gives Rs. 1,500 to its Chief Executive Officer. There may be people who are public-spirited or affluent enough to serve the city on a lower salary than Rs. 2,000—whether the Chief Officer of the Trust is paid Rs. 100 or Rs. 1,000 should be left to the pleasure of the Trustees and their appreciation of his merits. Compulsory limitations are an infringement of autonomy. The trustees are ultimately responsible to the public and the control of public opinion ought to make for economy according to Indian standards. There is another important matter which the existing Trust should recognise. When people who enjoy power reluctantly part with it, there is every temptation to saddle the going concern with long personal covenants. The excuse is security of tenure and the inclination to do a kind turn at parting. We hope the present trustees will as far as possible refrain from committing themselves to long-period contracts, especially in the higher grades. Though it is improbable, yet it is conceivable, that the retiring board may engage an officer on Rs. 3,000 per month for five years and leave the lability to those who shoulder the burden. We regard it as unlikely, when public attention is drawn to the matter. We want the transfer to take place without any creakiness in the machinery and both the present executive and the provincial legislature should co-operate in that intention.

THE RED SCARE.

The Baldwin Cabinet has taken an audacious step in arresting six Communists, including Mr. Inkpin, Mr. Harry Pollit, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Gallacher and Mr. Bell. Mr. Inkpin is a brilliant agitator; Mr. Pollit recently opposed the ostracism of Communists from the Labour Conference; Mr. Gallacher maintained the fight; as for Mr. Campbell, his writings were the primary cause of the Labour Government's downfall. The denunciation of Communists by the Labour party has given stomach to the Cabinet, and whatever be the fate of the prisoners the raid prompts an important question of civic privilege. The Communists believe in the rise of Socialism and they hold that Parliamentary action is wire-pulled by the capitalist classes. At the Liverpool Conference, Mr. Pollit fought for the inclusion of Communists in the Labour party and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald opposed it. Mr. Pollit lost his motion by 2,870,000 to 321,000 votes. Mr. Pollitt declared that nothing the Conference could do could prevent the rise of Communism in this or any other country, and it was obvious that there was no barrier strong enough to keep Communists out of the Labour party, constituted as it was, and they would get in by one means or another. Instead of treating the Communist protest as a safety-valve, the MacDonald imperialists gave a chance to the Conservative Government to pounce upon the dissidents. For England, it is a serious matter, involving the right of private opinion and there can be no question of the ultimate issue of victory.

While the MacDonald group has by its bigotry betrayed the Communists the Baldwin Government had to weigh the question of permanence. Next spring there is bound to be a tough fight between British Capitalists and British workers; to the Government it is of no mean importance to hold up the most energetic elements as subverters of the realm. "Should the workers arm?" was a topic recently discussed by Mr. Wheatley. He gave no definite answer, but the instigators of British Fascism have been relatively clear about their duty. Under the auspices of the Home Office, they are recruiting a civil force known as the O. M. S., which means the Order for the Maintenance of Supplies. This quasi-official organisation is to thwart the ends of an industrial strike by arranging the replacement of workers and the distribution of supplies. Sir William Joynson-Hicks has welcomed the force, whose purpose is to circumvent the sanctions of industrial deadlock. The Labour Party naturally took exception to the challenge, but the Home Office maintained that it was a specific provision for national safety. The truth is that it is a projection of the Northumberland movement and an illicit recruitment to British Fascism.

The Home Office has committed a grave blunder, under the provocation of Labour leaders, who in a manner had out-lawed Communist opinion and thrown honest workers to the mercy of sedition-laws. The July-victory of British miners was due more to the determination of British Communists than the tepid pronouncements of disguised imperialists, like Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Mr. J. H. Thomas. The Communist party believes in the solidarity of the workers' movement in all countries and the rash action of the Cabinet in arresting dynamic elements exposes it to ridicule and disaster. The right wing of the Labour party is a paltry extension of the Liberal party and the workers will now have unique facilities of discovering the truth through the trials now contemplated. A wise Government would have left it alone but the isolative tactics of the Labour party have, under the inspiration of right wing leaders, exhibited a vulnerable front for attack. The ultimate result of the encounter will be to justify Communist opinion: the immediate result may be to expedite the collapse of an intolerant Government. A large Communist trial in England cannot close down like the Cawnpore trial, but the luck of Cawnpore trials encourages domestic foolhardiness.

Notes of the Day.

The Reformer on the Spree.

The "Indian Daily Mail," which practises the principle of malice towards none and charity towards all, has come down upon us with terrific force. After weighing our remarks on Mr. Jayakar's ill-advised declaration, our contemporary arrives at two conclusions, both exceedingly scientific. Either we have "an objection to Mr. Jayakar personally" or we object to his having published his statement elsewhere than in our own columns. We have no "objection" to Mr. Jayakar personally, and Mr. Jayakar who remembers our support in his election campaign and later in the troublous days of the Rent Act, will gratefully dispel the suspicions of our contemporary. The alternative theory is that we were stung by the green-eyed monster at the sight of the Dalal Street coup and we gave way to pique because of the enterprise of a contemporary that obtained the views of Mr. Jayakar, not inclusively but exclusively. Both the theories are unworthy, but to counter-balance their vulgar effect, the "Daily Mail" says:—"We suppose we have a fairly high view of our vocation, but we can never bring ourselves to think that what one would not care to say in one's own name, may be rightly said under cover of the editorial first person plural." This is designed as a deadly hit. Though we do not assume any moral monitorship of the universe, we would submit that we exercise the liberty of expression and silence with perfect comfort; that is why we are, like the "Leader" of Allahabad, straight and unequivocal in regard to all things from high politics down to the rights of labour in the mill-strike. We are not obliged to display neutral tints. There is no moral double-facedness in our expression of views and it is stupid to parade hypothetical motives for explaining non-capitalist views.

More Puzzles.

The "Daily Mail," conscious of the high view of its vocation, is surprised at the publication of Mr. L. R. Tairsee's views on the Swarajists and professes amusement at the difference of opinion between him and us. We do not applaud Mr. Tairsee, not even for the reason that he stated his opinion elsewhere than in the columns of the "Daily Mail." We never described Mr. Jayakar as a "petty-minded reviler of his own colleague," and Mr. Jayakar ought to ask the "Daily Mail" for the source of such inverted impeachment. One thing is surprising. Temporising leaders who swear by the pristine integrity of the Swaraj party to reject office, are the first to applaud Mr. Tambe's good fortune. While, Mr. Jayakar thunders against Mr. Patel's fall from grace, the editor of the "Daily Mail," who originally joined the Swaraj party and subscribed to its repudiation of office, is happy over "Mr. Tambe's acceptance of a membership of the C. P. Government." So much for the "high view of our vocation" denied to other journalists who exercise the privilege of editorial anonymity. We do not agree with Mr. N. C. Kelkar who in his "personal capacity"—mark the wretched differentiation of selves, personal and public—congratulated Mr. Tambe on his job. The play of words like "technical" or "personal" will not affect the merits of the act. The "Daily Mail" considers the violation of his electoral pledge as "manly"—in a personal capacity perhaps. The high rebuke of the "Daily Mail" leaves our withers unwrung, and when it talks of the manly exercise of private opinon, the public of Bombay, including the starved workers of Parel, can only smile at the ludicrous pose. Why rebuke us and turn the heart of a good friend like Mr. Jayakar, against the "Bombay Chronicle?"

The Maharajah of Kashmir.

The accession of Sir Hari Singh to the gadi of Kashmir, gives him an early opportunity for living down the past and establishing the reputation of a liberal ruler. This disposition to be lionised as a modern, go-ahead prince had thrown him in parasitic company. Many of the princes of India have been spoiled by their education, and we have a set of absentee rulers who revel in the society of favourites and are content to be heeced abroad. The disclosures of Sir Hari Singh's past shocked the late Maharajah, and the people of the State were seriously concerned about their future. Now that he has ascended the gadi, they will earnestly look for a regime that will blot out the stigma of Mr. A, a name which is still wrongly favoured by some newspapers. Sir Hari Singh's chief temptation will probably be to outvie social celebrities like the Maharajahs of Jodpur and Patiala. Mail papers describe the details of lavish expenditure by these two potentates, the Maharajah of Patiala being praised for the purchase of the most expensive motor-car in the world. A wise conservatism inspires the Maharajah of Mysore who eschewing stupid extravagance fosters the growth of constitutional government. Kashmir has a population as great as that of Travancore, but Travancore is leagues ahead in literacy and public spirit. It is for Sir Hari Singh to decide the course of his reign in advance and resist the influences of lethargy and waste common among the rulers of India.

Truth About China.

The Customs Conference will soon meet in Peking. China demands the complete abolition of the tariff forced upon her by the Powers. It remains to be seen if the Powers agree to this demand. Meanwhile, it is interesting to see that America, for reasons which are not wholly altruistic, is reported to be in favour of China's demand. Senator Borah, who is the Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, is largely responsible for the wholesome change in the American attitude. Referring to the resolution moved by the Chinese Delegation in the Assembly of the League of Nations approving of the Customs Conference, he said:

> "This is the same pious pretence upon which China has been fed for eighty-three years. At least five of the nations which will vote for this resolution have, and have had for decades, treaties pledging themselves to protect the territorial integrity of China. In the meantime, and in the face of all these treaties and pledges and resolutions, China is deprived of sufficient revenues to maintain a government, thus leading to demoralization and governmental breakdown; forty-odd of her ports have been seized and held by force, the opium traffic has been imposed upon her at the point of the bayonet; her children have been exploited in foreign mills, and when the Chinese seek to record their protest in the way of public meetings and by public speech they are either shot down or taken into foreign courts and tried and condemned under foreign law. If there is any sense of justice or any humanitarian sentiment anywhere around, we will cease passing resolutions and act—action is now overdue."

That is the truth about Chinese situation. But how many among European politicians are there who will dare to proclaim it as Senator Borah did?

The Poona Seva Sadan.

His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson did not exaggerate when he said the other day at the prize distribution of the Poona Seva Sadan that the name of that institution was a household word throughout India. The institution is a standing proof of what can be achieved by women's talent and inborn instinct for social service if properly trained and organised. The idea of starting a training home for women first took clear shape in the mind of the late Mr. B. M. Malbari who founded in 1908 the Seva Sadan of Bombay. Next year the Poona Seva Sadan was started by the late Mrs. Ramabai Ranade with the assistance of able workers like Mr. G. K. Devadhar as an aided branch of the Bombay institution. Two or three years later the branch was able to work independently and, thanks to the self-sacrificing zeal of Mrs. Ranade who threw herself heart and soul in the work of the institution, made such rapid strides that to-day the institution is a model of its kind with a splendid record of varied and unbroken service. During the sixteen years of its existence it has passed out 19 women doctors, 20 health visitors, 31 trained midwives, 42 qualified nurses, 39 craft teachers and 125 trained teachers. It has now on its rolls over a thousand women and girls without any distinction of class or creed, there being 7 Muslim pupils, 8 Israelites, and 24 Indian Christians. Already its activities are manifold, literary, artistic, medical and industrial. To these Mr. Devadhar, on whom as General Secretary the brunt of the organising work has fallen since the lamented death of Mrs. Ranade last year, intends adding a School for Women Social Workers. It is expected by this means to train selected women as future leaders and organisers who after their training will be able to start suitable institutions in their own districts. So useful and efficient are the activities of the Poona Seva Sadan as also of its parent body in Bombay whose excellent work we reviewed some time ago, that it is the duty of both Government and the public to support such institutions in every way so as to ensure their uninterrupted success.

INDIA'S IMPROVED SITUATION.

"SIGNS OF BETTER TEMPER."

BIRKENHEAD'S COMPLACENCE.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Addressing a big gathering at the Constitutional Club at which Sir Atul Chandra Chatterjee and Sir Laming Worthington-Evans were present, Lord Birkenhead stated that the position in India as continuing to show signs of real improvement, and the country owed a great debt to Lord Reading for his tact, patience and accessibility and the very great knowledge he had acquired of Indian affairs. Lord Birkenhead declared: "I could not be guilty of rashness, in telling you that our anxieties in India are discharged, but I do discern signs of better and more friendly temper and the realisation that this country is not at all likely to be stampeded into a course of which we do not approve. There is greater readiness to appreciate realities both in India and England."

I.C.S. EXAMINATION.

Lord Birkenhead finally pointed out that this year was the first time for some years when the returns of English and Indian competitors of the right class to the Indian Civil Service were well maintained.—Reuter.

LOCARNO CONFERENCE.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN THANKED

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Locarno.—Pressmen entertained, to-day, the delegates to the Locarno Conference to a luncheon at which 200 guests were present. Mr. Chamberlain was given an ovation. He laid stress on the co-operation of all with the determination to solve the difficulties and said, consequently, the difficulties had vanished like darkness. Nobody could claim triumph. Mr. Chamberlain added that relations between European countries had been founded at Locarno on the basis of absolute equality, goodwill and mutual consideration which would have immediate repercussion in international pacification.

After luncheon, there was a general exodus to the Villa quarters of Sgr. Mussolini, who acknowledged the greetings of a crowd.

Mr. Chamberlain, later, formally called on Sgr. Mussolini.

It is noteworthy that after luncheon, Dr. Luther thanked Mr. Chamberlain for all he had done. M. Briand also congratulated Mr. Chamberlain.—Reuter.

FIVE DOCUMENTS TO BE SIGNED.

Locarno.—It is understood that altogether five documents will be signed, namely, the Pact itself and four Arbitration Treaties between France and Germany, Germany and Poland, Germany and Czecho-Slovakia, Belgian and Germany. There will also be two special declarations guaranteeing the arbitration treaties between Germany and Poland and Germany and Czecho-Slovakia and finally the declaration concerning Article 16 of the Covenant.—Reuter.

A BRITISH COMMUNIQUE.

Locarno.—A British communique states:—Conference after adopting the text of the draft Security Pact took up the question of Arbitration Treaties, and invited representatives of Poland and Czecho-Slovakia to join the meeting and hear the statements with regard to the work of the jurists on the draft treaties of arbitration between Germany and France on the one part, and Gremany and Belgium on the other, the texts of which have been adopted by the delegations concerned. Representatives of Poland and Czecho-Slovakia then gave the Conference account of their own negotiations with the representatives of the German Government with regard to the drafting of arbitration treaties between Germany and Poland on the one part and Germany and Czecho-Slovakia on the other.—Reuter.

Locarno.—For the first time since the Conference opened, Skrzynski and Dr. Benes, Polish and Czecho-Slovakian Foreign Ministers, respectively, participated in it this morning.

Sgr. Mussolini is rushing to Locarno in a motor-car from Milanin to participate in the Conference before it closes.—Reuter.

CHAMBERLAIN-BRIAND POURPARLERS.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Locarno.—Polish, Czech and German jurists, assisted by English and French experts, have completed their work and have reached an understanding on the Eastern Arbitration Treaty. Mr. Chamberlain and M. Briand conferred during the whole of last evening on the German proposals for the evacuation of the Rhineland, and their demands regarding Saar, which may slightly delay initialling, though they are not serious obstacles.—Reuter.

5 TREATIES TO BE SIGNED.

Locarno.—It is expected that five treaties will be initialled to-morrow and will be signed, in London, in a fortnight's time The texts will probably be published early next week.

GERMANY AND LEAGUE.

A Special Assembly of the League will be called, after the signature, to admit Germany into the League, probably in December.

"A WORKABLE LIVING PACT."

Dr. Benes said to-day: "At length the Versailles Treaty becomes a workable living Pact."—Reuter.

MILL OPERATIVES AND DIWALI.

HEAVY EXODUS FROM CITY.

HOPE OF "GENEROUS GESTURE?"

Owing to the Diwali holidays a large number of operatives left the city by trains and steamers on Thursday and Friday. Among those who left were mainly those who had received their wages on Wednesday and Thursday last. They did not seem to be in the mood of staying in Bombay after receiving their pay and left for their homes immediately afterwards. An enquiry among some mill operatives showed that they were determined not to resume work unless the question of the reduction of 11½ per cent of their wages was definitey decided. On Friday some more operatives turned up at several mills in the city to demand their wages but they were told that they would be duly informed of the next pay day by posting notices on the mill gates. Owing to the large and unprecedented exodus of the operatives from the city and the peaceful behaviour of those who are left behind the police patrol and posts have been released at sote places and entirely withdrawn where it has been found desirable to do so in the mill area. On Friday the same mills worked with a handful of men as on the previous day and to-day (Saturday) being Diwali holiday. all the partially working mills will observe a general holiday It is expected, however, after Diwali holidays the mill strike situation will take a definite turn and some of the operatives who are at present in Bombay, are inclined to believe that the mill-owners would make a generous gesture to them in view of the striking improvement in the textile trade for the past few weeks.

CRUSADE AGAINST COMMUNISTS IN PARIS.

40 ARRESTED, INCLUDING MAYORS AND DY. MAYORS.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Paris.—A Communist demonstration outside the Bolshevik pavilion at the Decorative Arts Exhibition was forcibly dispersed and 40 arrests have been made. The Communist Mayor of Saint Denis has been suspended for a month for his grave dereliction of duty in allowing public services to be held up on 12th October when the Communists attempted a general strike. The Communist Mayor and the Deputy Mayor of Halluin in the Department of Nord have also been suspended for abusing the privileges of their office.—Reuter.

BAND OF BRIGANDS ROUTED.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Beirut.—French operations against brigands in the region of Damascus have resulted in the pursuit and complete rout of a band of which 100 have been shot and 24 bodies are being brought back to Damascus where they will be exhibited publicly.—Reuter.

"A DAY OF HISTORICAL IMPORTANCE"

Paris.—M. Painleve telegraphed to-day to M. Briand the warmest congratulations of the Government and declared that to-day was a day of historical importance.—Reuter.

"SATISFACTORY RESULTS."

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Paris.—It is semi-officially stated that Government circles regard the result of the Conference as extremely satisfactory for all Powers concerned, but Berlin's guarded tone is apparent in press comments over the adoption of the draft Security Pact pending the solution of such questions as its effect on the Rhineland occupation, Saar regime and other matters that have not yet been arranged.—Reuter.

CHAMBERLAIN CELEBRATES BIRTHDAY.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Locarno.—"This is the happiest birthday in my life", said Mr. Chamberlain in an interview with Reuter this morning when Locarno was celebrating his birthday with music and flowers. There was a charming unrehearsed scene when Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain descended from the staircase of the hotel to the terrace where the members of all the delegations and about fifty photographers and cinematographers were assembled. The band played the National Anthem and the Mayor of Locarno warmly congratulated Mr. Chamberlain's little girl and handed to Mrs. Chamberlain a basket of flowers. The members of the respective delegations offered Mr. Chamberlain hearty good-wishes. Both Mr Chamberlain and his wife were deeply touched.—Reuter.

TRAIN DACOITY CASE.

ACCUSED IN FETTERS.

RESTRICTIONS ON DEFENCE COUNSEL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Oct. 14.

It appears from the general warrant of search of those arrested in connection with the Kakori Train Dacoity Case that the arrests so far made were not only as a sequence of the abovenamed dacoity, but two others, one in the district of Rae Bareli and the other in the district of Partabgarh, committed some time back. No notice of these dacoities, it appears, was taken by the newspapers and many knew it only after the warrant had been shown to the Defence Counsel.

The application etc., filed in this connection was hitherto disposed off by Mr. Gwynne, the District Magistrate. But it seems that Mr. Syeed Ainuddin, a senior deputy collector, has been appointed as a special magistrate to try these cases. Mr. Ainuddin made a departure of the practice so far followed by Mr. Gwynne, with the result that some novel restrictions have been placed on defence counsel interviewing the accused and some of the accused being still in heavy fetters.

Mr. Harakarannath Misra, Swarajist M.L.A. and Babu Mohanlal Saksena, Swarajist M.L.C., filed an application before Mr. Ainuddin, on behalf of Messrs. Baburam Verma, non-co-operating Vakil of Etah, Jyotishanker Dixit, Secretary, Provincial Congress Committee, Sarat Chandra Guha, Manager, Arya Publishing House, Calcutta, Mohanlal Gautam, Member, Tilak School of Politics, Lahore, Birbhadra Tewari, Secretary, Labour Union Cawnpore and others for the removal of fetters, for the interview of counsel and for copies of the first report of the two other dacoities.

Mr. Ainuddin recommended the removal of fetters to the Superintendent of Jail, who, it is understood, has in his own turn forwarded it to the Inspector-General of Prisons with the result that the accused are still in fetters. (Mr. Gwynne on the other hand used to order the fetters to be removed and they were removed.)

As regards defence counsel's interview with the accused, Mr. Ainuddin ordered that the accused counsel should obtain permission from him every time they went to visit them and that the interview should be held in the presence and within the hearing of responsible Jail Officials. Mr. Gwynne had placed no such restrictions and had given permission to Messrs. Khaliquzzaman, Harkarannath Misra, Mohanlal Saksena and Mahesh Parshad, defence counsel, to interview the accused whenever they liked.)

As regards the demand for the copies of the first report of other two dacoities, the Magistrate rejected it, while the Prosecuting Inspector refused to disclose even the dates of their occurances.

Messrs. Misra and Saksena, defence counsel, objected to the order as being prejudicial to the interests of the accused, but the objection overruled.

"STAR'S" OBJECTIONABLE CARTOON.

MR J. B. HOBBS' REGRET

Mr. A. R. Dard, Head of the Ahmadiyya Muslim Mission, London, forwards to us the following copy of a letter dated 29th September 1925 received by him from Mr. J. B. Hobbs, the world-famous cricketer:—

Dear Sir,

I am pained to know that the cartoon in *The Star* dated 18/8/25 has offended the feelings of all Muslims.

I need not say that I have no control over *The Star* nor any responsibility for the cartoons which it publishes. I am, however, pleased to learn that *The Star* has published its regrets and that it, and its cartoonists, would have refrained from introducing the figure of Mohammed if they had thought it could give offence. I am sorry that my success in cricket which has been shared with me by sports loving people all over the world has thus unfortunately become the occasion of wounding the religious susceptibilities of my Muslim friends.

I wish it had not been so.

Believe me, Yours sincerely,

J. B. HOBBS.

"RED" FORCES CAPTURE WAICHOW.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Canton.—The "Red" forces have captured Waichow and taken a large number of persons prisoners.—Reuter.

LAWRENCE STATUE.

MUTILATED ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

EXCITEMENT IN LAHORE.

LAHORE, Oct. 15.

This morning the statue of Lord Lawrence on thte Maul has found mutilated. The pen in the right hand of the statue is missing and half of the sword on the left side is broken. These were subsequently found by the police on the lawn near by. Police are guarding the statue. Great excitement prevails.

PRINCE RETURNS HOME.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

The Prince of Wales on board the "Repulse" arrived at Portsmouth at noon today on return from his tour of South Africa and South America. The "Repulse" was escorted by destroyers and flying boats. There was a slight haze and drizzling rain. Ships in the harbour were dressed with flags and the crews of warships in the harbour cheered.—Reuter.

NEWSPAPERS' WELCOME.

Everything is in readiness to give the Prince of Wales a thunderous welcome today on his return from the extremely successful tour. "Britain's Greatest Ambassador" is the text of the newspaper leaders and full-page articles which recount the different stages of the tour and extol the new friendships made and old friendships consolidated, especially in South Africa where the popularity with which His Royal Highness was greeted, alike by the Dutch, British, Indians and natives, made the visit a landmark in the relations of Britain and the Dominions.—Reuter's Special.

ADMIRALTY & PRINCE OF WALES.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

The Admiralty has sent a message to the Prince of Wales expressing the Navy's pride at being entrusted with His Royal Highness's safety during his many voyages,

THE CURRENCY COMMISSION.

BOMBAY'S PROTEST MEETING.

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held on the 30th instant, to protest against the composition of the Royal Commission on Currency and Exchange, and endorse the view of the Legislative Assembly that the Commission does not represent Indian interests adequately and effectively in spite of the undertaking given to that effect by the Finance Member on behalf of the Government of India.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah will preside over and prominent leaders will speak at the meeting. The names of the speakers and the time and place of the meeting will be announced shortly.

SOLEMN CEREMONY ON "REPULSE"

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Reuter's correspondent on board the "Repulse" describes a solemn ceremony which was a sequel to an incident at Mardel Platt where the Women's Patriotic League sent on board a wreath embedded in a block of ice requesting that it should be cast into the seas in "remembrance of the brave and true who died the death of honour, and departed in the hope of resurrection and eternal life": The Prince of Wales, to-day, carried out the ceremony in the presence of detachment of seamen and marines. After an impressive ceremony by the Chaplain, the Captain read a passage from Ecclesiacus and the Prince then briefly recounted the circumstances attending the ceremony and committed flowers to the deep. Shortly afterwards the troopship "Marglen", proceeding to India passed close to the "Repulse" and hundreds of troops cheered.—Reuter's Special.

RUHR EVACUATION COMPLETED

LONDON, Oct. 1[illegible]

Berlin.—The last French detachment has withdrawn from the Ruhr thus making complete inter-Allied military evacuation of the Ruhr region.—Reuter.

RADICAL PARTY CONGRESS

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Nice.—Half dozen Ministers attended the Radical Party Congress at which the main problem is whether the left cartel which was seriously weakened last session should be revived assuming that Socialists who withdrew agree to it. M. Herriot, who presided favoured that course and also renewed the advocacy of a capital levy.—Reuter.

Nice.—The Committee of the Radical Party Congress after an animated debate adopted a motion calling on the delegates who have been elected to the Chamber to support Government.—Reuter.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

9 KILLED AND 26 INJURED.

PASSENGER'S THRILLING STORY.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 16.

An engine with two wagons of a parcel express while shunting into Halsa (E. B. Railway) station, a distance of about hundred miles from Sealdah, collided with the Assam Mail. Two carriages were telescoped and passengers numbering about 26 were injured and some 5 were killed. The driver, the fireman and the guard of the Assam mail were badly injured.

The first three bogie carriages of the Dacca mail containing two-third class carriages and one-third-inter composite both having female compartments in it were shattered. It was with great difficulty that the passengers were extricated. The shunting carriages had no passengers.

The passengers of the Dacca mail availed themselves of the Darjeeling mail at Halsa at about 11-30 a.m. and reached Calcutta at about 4 p.m.

An official account of the accident states that at about 1-34 this morning at mile 99/6 near Halsa North Cabin, the eight down Goalundo Mail collided with a light engine standing in the yard resulting in both engines and three bogie carriages of the eight down being derailed and telescoped and both the up and down lines being blocked. 9 persons were killed of which 5 were of the railway staff, and 4 third class passengers. 26 passengers were injured. It is hoped to restore through communication by 10 a.m. to-day.

THRILLING STORY.

A thrilling story of the railway accident at Halsa has been narrated by a passenger who was travelling by the mail train. The Dacca mail was fairly packed in the upper and lower classes and passengers were either drowsing or sleeping on the benches or on the floor when there came, all on a sudden, the sound of a terrific crash far exceeding the sound of thunder. The passengers were all huddled and jumbled together. The shock was sudden and violent and the cries were heart-rending.—A. P.

"A GREAT ADMINISTRATOR"

SIMLA SERVICES' CERTIFICATE TO LORD READING.

SIMLA, Oct. 16.

The members of the United Services Club entertained His Excellency the Viceroy at a farewell banquet last night. The Club grounds were brilliantly illuminated and the dinner was a great success. The Governor of the Punjab, the Commander-in-Chief and all high officials of the Government of India were present. General Sir Edwin Atkinson presided and in well-chosen words paid a high tribute to Lord Reading as a man, sportsman, administrator, statesman and orator and especially praising his courage, patience and watchfulness. His allusions to Lady Reading's splendid work for Indian women and her generous hospitality were loudly cheered.

The Viceroy in replying said that nothing could have given him greater pleasure than the Chairman's allusions to Her Excellency who had indeed been his better half. He gratefully acknowledged the applause with which allusions to his work for India had been received and concluded with a lengthy and extremely generous recognition of the great work accomplished by both the Army and the General Services on behalf of the country. He trusted the best men in England would continue to come out and serve their King and this great portion of the Empire. The Viceroy received an ovation at the conclusion of his speech and on leaving the Club grounds.—A. P.

EXEMPLARY PUNISHMENT TO RASH DRIVER

LONDON, Oct. 15.

A sentence of twelve months in the second division was passed at the Berkshire assizes on Captain Hugh Spooner, a polo-pony breeder and formerly of Indian cavalry who was indicted for manslaughter of a labourer named Charles Rande. The latter was run down and killed by Spooner's motor car while he was cycling to work. Evidence showed that the defendant was returning from London after a night at the cabaret club and was driving at excessive speed on the wrong side of the road.—Reuter's Special.

RUBBER GROWING IN LIBERIA

LONDON, Oct. 15.

New York.—Mr. Harvey Firestone, President of the Firestone Tire Rubber Company, has announced that he has signed an agreement with the Republic of Liberia, by which he has obtained a 99-year's lease of a million acres suitable for rubber-growing and 2,000 acres of rubber plantation fully matured, and bearing rubber and that it has been planned to spend a hundred million dollars for developing the lease.—Reuter's Special.

AUSTRALIAN ELECTIONS

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Melbourne.—Nomination lists show that there are 164 candidates for 75 seats in the House of Representatives and 50 candidates for 22 vacancies in the Senate. There are no woman candidates, and every seat is contested.—Reuter.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST AND CORPORATION.

DIVIDED RESPONSIBILITY, UNDESIRABLE.

MR. K. F. NARIMAN'S DISSENTING MINUTE.

Mr. K. F. Nariman has attached the following minute of dissent to the report of the Select Committee of the Bombay Legislative Council on the Bill No. XVII of 1925 (A Bill to transfer the powers and duties of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay to, and to vest the property and rights vested in the said Trustees in the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay):—

I do not agree with the whole principle on which this legislation is based. I have always maintained that the creation of the Improvement Trust Act in 1898 by special legislation was a serious encroachment upon the ordinary rights and privileges of the Bombay Municipal Corporation. It was a grave reflection on its capacity and a clear verdict that the Municipal Corporation of those days was not able to discharge its ordinary functions and constitutional duties assigned to it under the law and therefore it was necessary to create another independent board to discharge the same functions and duties that would ordinarily have devolved on the Corporation. If one compares the preamble and provisions of the Improvement Trust Act with the duties and functions assigned to the Corporation under sections 61 and 63 of the Municipal Act, it will be quite clear to him that they are almost indentical and similar; even the preamble of the present amending Bill states that the Bombay Improvement Act of 1898 was enacted with a view to make provision for the improvement and for the future expansion of the City of Bombay by forming new and altering existing streets, by removing or altering insanitary buildings in certain areas, by providing open spaces for better ventilation and for recreation, by constructing new sanitary dwellings for certain classes of the inhabitants of the city. Are these not the privileges and ordinary duties and functions of the Municipal Corporation? The following clauses of sections 61 and 63 of the Municipal Act mention exactly similar functions of the Municipal Corporation:—

Clause (d)—The reclamation of unhealthy localities.

Clause (m)—Construction, maintenance, alteration, improvement of public streets, etc.

Section 63 (c)—Construction, maintenance of public parks, etc.

ACT OF 1898.

As a matter of fact the powers and duties assigned to the Municipal Corporation under the Act for the improvement and development of the city go far beyond the functions assigned to the Board under the Improvement Trust Act of 1898. Thus the Act of 1898 was only a device on the part of the Government to deal a serious blow to the local self-government by creating an independent board and transferring some of its important powers and duties to it. It is really surprising that the stalwart corporators of those days should have submitted to the uncalled for interference and encroachment. The only excuse and pretext was the prevalence of the fatal epidemic of plague. It was believed that the Corporation would not be able to cope with the extraordinary situation created by the sudden and daily rise in the mortality and with a view to allay the nervous state that was prevailing in the public, a new board was created to soothe the ruffled and excited public feeling.

But after the normal state was restored the Corporation seemed to have realised the serious blow to its position, and prestige by the creation of an independent board to discharge some of these municipal functions and hence for some time past it had been making a persistent but feeble demand for the abolition of this new board and restoration of its powers and privileges.

The simultaneous existence and functioning of these two independent bodies, had created an anomalous position, unheard of, in the municipal administration of any other large civilized city. Two independent bodies, governed by two independent Acts, discharging more or less the same municipal functions in the same city. For the purpose of these municipal duties assigned to the Improvement Trust, the city was, as it were, divided into two territorial divisions; this divided responsibility was very often detrimental to the interests of the city and often created difficulty and an anomalous position

NO THANKS. DUE TO GOVERNMENT.

I have deemed it necessary to go into the previous history with a view to remove a wrong impression under which some members of the Council, as well as the public, seem to labour under; the attitude taken up by the Government in introducing the legislation is such as if it were conferring some special new benefit or favour on the Municipal Corporation. I wish to make it clear that the Government is not at all making any special concession to the Corporation but only restoring to it what constitutionally and originally belonged to the local self-government and which was for so many years unjustifiably withheld from the Corporation. I was rather surprised to find some members offering their congratulations to the Honourable Minister for introducing this measure, when to my mind it was a proper occasion to bring a vote of censure against Government, in the first place for having encroached upon the rights and privileges of a local self-governing body and further for having delayed in restoring it, even long after an excuse to retain such powers had passed. This being my view, viz., that the Act of 1898 (the Improvement

(Continued on next page.)

SETH J. BAJAJ AT KOTAH.

KHADDAR PROPAGANDA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KOTAH, Oct. 16.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj arrived here on the morning of the 13th instant with his party and was put up in the State Guest House. He saw H. H. the Maharao Sahib twice in the Recreation Club. Khaddar samples were exhibited in the Club where the Maharao Sahib attended with State officials. The Maharao Sahib highly appreciated the samples. He is deeply interested in developing cottage industries in his State.

Seth Jamnalal interviewed the Maharao Sahib and Ministers yesterday in Mehkma Khas and presented a written document with suggestions for encouraging and developing the Khaddar industry in the State. His suggestion was favourably received by His Highness. The situation promises bright prospects for the Khaddar industry. State officials are sympathetically inclined towards Khaddar.

Last evening a public meeting was held in the Town Hall under the auspices of the Vaishya Sudharak Sabha. Kumar Chandrasinghji of Kunadi presided. Seth Jamnalal spoke on Khadi and received patient hearing.

Sit. Jamnalalji's Rajputana tour ends, where his general experience has been that there are all possible facilities for extensive production of Khaddar in Rajputana. The State authorities have no particular desire to interfere in Khaddar work. The only thing wanted is sincere and self-sacrificing workers, and efficient organisation. Seth Jamnalal is leaving for Bombay to-day, reaching there to-morrow morning.

SWAMI KIRPALDAS AT JAMNAGAR

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

JAMNAGAR, Oct. 12.

Swami Kirpaldas, ex-Professor of Comparative Religions has been asked by his American friends to come over to that country and deliver lectures for two years on Indian saints. His lectures will also deal with other questions pertaining to India, chiefly social and spiritual. He intends to establish in India on his return a University for the study of comparative religions of the world. Swamiji believes religion to be the basis of all culture and civilisation.

In order to equip himself for his American tour and to come in closer touch with the different parts of the country and its people he has been travelling all over India. He recently visited Jamnagar where he delivered two lectures before the public and also addressed the students of the Nawanagar High School. In all his lectures he laid great stress on service, love and sacrifice, strongly maintaining that the days of preaching are gone. His definition of real and eternal happiness is the realisation of the self. He also preaches temperance and teetotalism.

LONDON-NEW YORK TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

The direct London-New York telephone exchange is about to become reality with the announcement that contractors have completed the transmission station at Rugby. A receiving station at Chedzoy, Somerset, had successfully demonstrated the possibility of conducting a service which only awaited completion of the Rugby station. It is stated that the cost of a three-minute conversation with any telephone subscriber in London will probably not exceed twenty shillings.—Reuter's Special.

COAL COMMISSION.

LONDON, Oct. 15.

There was a large attendance at the first public sitting of the Coal Commission at Westminster Hall which was attended by representatives of the Miners' Federation and the Mining Association. Mr. Ernest Gowers, Permanent Under-Secretary, Mines, stated that the present demand consequently on the present output of British coal descended to the level of twenty years ago but the industry was employing upwards of a quarter million or more persons. The consumption by Russia, Germany and Austria was reduced by 46 million tons.

Replying to Sir W. Beveridge, Mr. Gowers mentioned that seven men were now employed where previously there were six. He agreed that the pre-war standard of wages could be maintained only by increased output per head of the employees, or a material increase in the prices of coal relative to other articles. He said he realised he painted the gloomiest picture.—Reuter's Special.

INQUEST ON PROF. LEFROY.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

At the inquest on Prof. Lefroy a verdict of misadventure was returned. A friend of the professor said that on Saturday he noticed that Prof. Lefroy was staggering. Prof. Lefroy said he had too much meaning vapour with which he was experimenting on the larvae of flies. He said: the "little beggars got the better of me this time."—Reuter's Special.

CABLE ITEMS.

London, Oct. 15.—In a Rugby football match the South-western counties beat Bath by 19 points to three and Glamorgan beat Gloucester by 12 points to 5. In the County Championship, Leicester defeated Warwickshire by 18 points to 0.—Reuter's Special.

Pittsburgh Oct. 15.—In a baseball game Pittsburgh beat Washington by 9 to 7.—Reuter's Special.

Sydney.—The strikers have decided that the representatives of seamen at the compulsory Conference should inform Justice Powers that they cannot participate in the negotiations while any strikers remain in jail.—Reuter.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST AND CORPORATION.

DIVIDED RESPONSIBILITY UNDESIRABLE.

(Continued from previous page.)

Trust Act) was an interpolation and unjustifiable interference in the ordinary and usual progress of local self-government in Bombay, the only honest course left open is to place the Corporation in "status quo ante, i.e.," in the same position in which it was before the Act of 1898 was enacted. In other words the only measure necessary is a Bill repealing the Improvement Trust Act of 1898 and other consequential provisions necessary to transfer the properties and adjust the financial rights and liabilities of the Board of Improvement Trust and providing for the continuance and completion of existing schemes. Beyond that any interference with the ordinary rights and functions of the Corporation by means of a separate legislation would not only be unjustifiable but would be extremely unwise and impolitic.

The City of Bombay Municipal Act is quite exhaustive and enough to cover and provide for any further contingency that may arise by the new situation. If one goes through carefully the Municipal Act he will be convinced that the proposed legislation is not only superfluous but may even become mischievous, because in the civic administration of a city, there will be two Acts operating, simultaneously, some provisions of which overlap each other, and what is worse still is that both these Acts are to be executed and operated by the same institution called by two different names. The simpler and more equitable course seems to be to amend the Municipal Act, so as to give the Corporation wider powers to constitute another statutory committee called the Improvement Committee under the Municipal Act similar to the Standing Committee, the Schools Committee, the Hospital Committee, etc., and also to provide the procedure and working of that committee and if necessary also to provide for the inclusion of non-corporators in that committee and to leave the rest of the entire internal administration in the hands of the Corporation. The Corporation under its present constitution as governed by the Municipal Act manages and controls fairly efficiently, the whole civic administration of this city with a population of nearly 12 lakhs and an annual turnover of 3½ crores of rupees. It has undertaken much larger schemes of improvement and has just completed the gigantic schemes of increased water supply, costing crores of rupees, under the present Municipal Act without any interference, control and supervision from any external agency. It also makes appointments higher in responsibility and salaries than the proposed appointment of the Chief Officer. The Hornby Ballard scheme which it has undertaken is perhaps larger in dimensions than many of the schemes undertaken or pending by the Improvement Trust and all this is smoothly carried out under the present Municipal Act, without any necessity or interference by any other special Act or agency. Then, where is the necessity of a special separate Act to carry out functions and duties almost similar to those in the Municipal Act? To my mind, the divided responsibility under two different similar legislations for an identical object and purpose will result in a good deal of confusion and also adversely affect the efficient and smooth administration. The course suggested by me, viz., assimilation of the two bodies into one instead of separate divisions will also be more economical.

IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE.

The Corporation may, if it thinks fit, create a special post of a Chief Officer or an additional deputy commissioner to be in charge of the departments working under the separate statutory committee called the Improvement Committee of the Corporation and may also retain all or as much as necessary of the present staff for that department and similar separate financial arrangements could be made as is arranged for the present statutory Schools Committee. This arrangement will restore the Corporation to the same position as it would have been in if the Act of 1898 had not been enacted.

This being my view the only clauses in the Bill that I deem necessary are those repealing the Act of 1898 (Improvement Trust Act) and transferring the properties to the Corporation and adjusting financial rights and liabilities and providing for the continuance and completion of the existing schemes undertaken by the Improvement Trust. All the other clauses relating to the details of the internal administration should be deleted as these matters come within the proper sphere of the Municipal Corporation, and I should at the same time suggest an amendment of the City of Bombay Municipal Act proving for the creation of a special statutory committee called the Improvement Committee, whose constitution and procedure should be similar to the one proposed in the Bill. The result of such a course will be to re-instate the Municipal Corporation of Bombay to the same position as it would have been in without the unjustifiable interference of the Act of 1898.

DR. VELKAR'S MINUTE OF DISSENT.

The following minute of dissent by Dr. M. B. Velkar is also attached to the report:—

I regret I cannot agree with the majority report of the Select Committee.

With regard to the increase in the number of the Improvement Committee from 14 to 18, in order to provide for the representation on it of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, the Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Millowners' Association, as recommended by the Select Committee, I wish the Select Committee has stuck to the original number and the constitution as in the Bill. I see absolutely no reason why special representation should be given to the two Chambers and the Millowners' Association. What special interests do these bodies have apart from the general interests of the city which are best represented by the city's representatives on the Committee? In the best interests of the city we want more of the popular element than the element of vested interests on such corporations.

Then, again, I strongly oppose any sort of nomination on the Improvement Committee as suggested by the Select Committee. A panel consisting of the Director of Development, Bombay, the Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, the Collector of Bombay and the Executive Engineer, Presidency District, is already provided for in the Bill giving opportunity to any three representatives of the above bodies to sit on the Committee, but then I would have them so appointed on the Committee through co-option by the Board as provided for in the original Bill and not through nomination by the Government as recommended by the Select Committee.

Then, I consider the salary of the Chief Officer even as reduced by the Select Committee, viz., rising from Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 3,000 too high. To my mind it ought to be from Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 2,000 only and for this reason. Popular cry is that our higher services are overpaid and that we must put forth our best effort to cheapen them in order that our administration may not become too top heavy as it already is in our Government and Municipal services. We can cheapen these services if at the same time we try to Indicnize them as we can now get best Indian experts to take up these responsible posts on smaller salaries.

Again, I do not see any reason why a new clause 109A should be inserted in the Bill giving the officers and servants of the Board option to retire within two years from the date on which this Act comes into force and at the same time allowing them certain concessions regarding leave, provident fund and gratuity, under some rules which were passed at the fag end of the existence of the Improvement Trust, viz., 10th January 1924. Clearly all these officers and the servants knew, when they joined the service, that the Bombay Improvement Trust was never a permanent body and was to be transferred sooner or later to the Bombay Municipal Corporation. I, therefore, do not understand why these officers and servants should expect any special concessions apart from those ordinarily allowed to them under the service rules of the Board.

UNDER ONE FLAG.

CAPTURE OF ALL GOVT.-MADE BODIES.

PERSISTENT REFUSAL OF SUPPLIES.

MR. J. K. MEHTA'S REPLIES TO "CHRONICLE" QUESTIONNAIRE.

We publish below the replies of Mr. J. K. Mehta, to the questionnaire addressed by us to prominent men and women of all parties with a view to focus public opinion on the question of re-union of all parties under the Flag of the Congress:—

QUESTIONS.	MR. J. K. MEHTA'S REPLIES.
(1) Do you think that the Congress creed should be changed for your being its member? If you think change is essential will you define the creed acceptable to yourself?	1. I do not see any necessity for changing the creed.
(2) If there is an annual money contribution as well as the yarn quota in the alternative, as the franchise qualification, will it be acceptable to you?	2. Yes but I should prefer an annual money contribution alone.
(3) If the Congress revokes the yarn franchise and, instead of delegating to the Swarajists the power to determine political work in the legislatures, frames a political programme of its own, including work in the Councils, will you co-operate in carrying it out?	3. Yes.
(4) What, in your opinion, should the Congress programme, inside as well as outside the Councils, be?	4. Capture of all the legislative bodies and all other organisations like local boards and school boards through which Government make their authority felt.
(5) Do you think by constitutional agitation alone the British people will be persuaded to give us Home Rule?	5. I think not.
(6) If ultra-constitutional agitation is essential, what form or forms of direct action will you suggest and will you recommend to the Congress the contesting of elections to the legislatures on the issue of non-payment of taxes?	6. You cannot suggest before hand methods of direct action. People must be on the lookout and seize every suitable opportunity for taking direct action. The Nagpur flag affair was a good instance of this. Non-payment of taxes should be left alone for the present as the Mahatmaji says.
(7) Are you prepared personally to give up the use of foreign cloth. If you are still using it, will you help the Swadeshi movement by giving it up?	7. I am using only Khaddar.
(8) If you are elected an M.L.C., in your province, will you, under the present circumstances, accept a Ministership?	8. No.
(9) If the Reading-Birkenhead negotiations are disappointing to you, what course will you advise the public to take in addition to vigorous vocal protest and will you support the programme of persistent refusal of supplies before redress of grievances?	9. (a) I'd ask the public to join the Swaraj party. (b) Yes.
(10) If the essential provisions of the Commonwealth of India Bill are satisfactory to you, will you, in the event of its non-acceptance by Parliament before October 1926, recommend to the Congress the contesting of elections to the legislature on the issue of non-payment of taxes?	
(11) Do you think the Swarajists are actively working in the country in furtherance of the constructive programme?	11. Some.
(12) Do you think the differences in the mental attitudes and political methods of Congressmen on the one hand and the Independents or Liberals on the other are too vital to be harmonised by mutual adjustments and to make united action on their part possible?	12. I think so.

J. K. MEHTA.

COMMUNIST LEADERS REMANDED.

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Communist leaders, Gallacher and Bell, were brought up at the Bowstreet Police Court this morning to answer a charge of conspiracy and offences under the Incitement to Mutiny Act. Both were remanded for a week on bail of £100 each.—Reuter's Special.

REPEAL OF EXCISE DUTY.

MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION'S DEMAND.

The following letter was addressed by Mr. T. Maloney, Secretary, the Mill-owners' Association, Bombay, to the Hon. Mr. D. T. Chadwick, Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce, Simla:—

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 341-T-(2) of the 7th instant giving a fuller reply to the Association's letter of the 15th September.

2. In your first reply dated 21st September, 1925, you merely remarked that you had noted that this Association did not desire an enquiry by the Tariff Board. As the Association's letter of the 15th September did not merely convey to Government a refusal to refer the case of the cotton mill industry to the Tariff Board for an enquiry but dealt with the points raised by His Excellency the Viceroy, you were requested in my letter of the 7th October to favour the Association with a fuller reply to their letter of 15th September, and further, the Association's attitude on the question of a reference to the Tariff Board was more clearly defined. My letter of the 7th October has crossed yours of the same date, but by this time you must have seen from that letter that you are in error when you state that this Association is definitely opposed to an enquiry at any time by the Tariff Board.

3. As already pointed out in the previous communication, the Association takes its stand on the recommendations of the Fiscal Commission. You state that paragraphs 169 and 170 of the Report of the Indian Fiscal Commission have been misread by the Association. May I therefore refer you to the interpretation placed upon those paras by the Hon. Member for Commerce. In September, 1924, in the course of the discussion on Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai's resolution in the Legislative Assembly the Hon. Sir Charles Innes dealing with the recommendations of the Indian Fiscal Commission said:—

"What they (the Fiscal Commission) suggested was that we should wipe the slate . . . and abolish the cotton excise duty.' They recognised that that would involve a sacrifice of something like 2 crores of rupees; and therefore they suggested that 'after having wiped the slate we should refer the whole matter to the Tariff Board for examination.'"

There can hardly be any doubt that Sir Charles Innes correctly interpreted the conclusions of the Indian Fiscal Commission, and the same interpretation has been put thereon by this Association.

EFFECT ON INDUSTRY.

4. In the fourth paragraph of your letter, you attribute to the Association the opinion that the mere repeal of the Excise duty is not sufficient to restore the industry to health. What the Association actually stated in their letter of 15th September was as follows:—

"The Associations feel that in the present critical times of the industry, the repeal of the excise duty if it may not be all that is necessary, to restore the industry to health, would have gone a long way towards alleviating the existing depression, and would have enabled them by reducing the price of cloth by 9 pies per pound to tide over their difficulties."

It is unfortunate that in your letter you should have quoted the least important portion of the above extract and thereby conveyed a very erroneous impression on the mind of the public regarding the Association's opinion, as to the effect the repeal of the duty would have on the industry.

5. The Association's attitude on the question of referring the case of the cotton mill industry to the Tariff Board is made clear in their letters of 15th September and 7th October, and it is difficult for them to understand why the Government of India should "regret" this attitude which it is respectfully submitted is the only logical and reasonable attitude possible for them to take up. They demand that the great handicap placed on the industry in the shape of an admittedly iniquitous Excise duty should be first removed, and if subsequently the industry finds it difficult to hold its own in competition with countries with sweated labour conditions and depreciated exchange it will certainly appeal to Government for assistance. So long as Government cannot see their way to right the "historic wrong" perpetrated on the industry some thirty years ago when the Legislative Assembly on three occasions during the last two years have amply demonstrated their desire for the abolition of the Excise duty, the Association cannot possibly expect that Government would consider favourably any recommendation that the Tariff Board might make for assistance to the industry of any other nature.

6. As regards your letter of 26th June, 1925, referred to in the fourth para of your letter under reply, I am to remind you that a request was made that the statements contained therein should be discussed at a joint meeting between yourself and my Committee. That joint meeting took place on 6th July and further points were raised necessitating somewhat lengthy enquiries which as you are still aware are still proceeding. Under the circumstances, my Committee are surprised that you should have called attention to the fact that your letter has remained unanswered, as such a remark might well be misinterpreted by the general public.

7. In the course of your letter, you state that in the Association's representation of February, 1924, (which by the way remains unanswered) a demand for protection was definitely made. That representation was devoted entirely to arguments for the repeal of the Excise duty and it is inaccurate to treat it as a demand for protection. In this connection I am directed to draw your special attention to pages 66 to 68 of the Association's publication on "The Cotton Excise Duty" already in your possession which were written to contradict a similar mis-statement by Sir Charles Innes made in September, 1924.

8. I am to convey to you my Association's appreciation of the fact that the Government of India do not associate themselves with allegations which have been made in the Press and elsewhere regarding the manner in which mills are managed.

SOUND CURRENCY SYSTEM.

IMMEDIATE NEED OF INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 16.

To ascertain the Bombay opinion on the issues of Currency and Exchange with reference to the appointment of the Currency Commission Mr. M. L. Tannan, Principal, the Sydenham College of Commerce, Bombay, who has arrived here for a short stay was interviewed by a press representative. He said that a number of leading representatives of economic thought in Bombay, including leading professors of economics in Bombay colleges, met some days ago at the instance of Professor P. A. Wadia and after a careful and prolonged discussion the meeting ended in a definite and unanimous agreement on certain fundamental issues connected with the currency problem of this country. The real issue before the Currency Commission, he said, is not so much either reversion to the pre-war rate of exchange or the linking of the rupee to the sovereign at any other rate of exchange as the question of what is the soundest currency system for India and how it may be introduced. The soundest currency system for India is an effective gold standard. The gold standard is eminently practicable to-day in India as she has already considerable resources in the shape of gold bullion and securities and as the balance of trade is normally here in favour to a considerable extent. The introduction of an effective gold standard does not necessarily imply an immediate and total conversion of the existing token currency into gold. What is needed immediately is adoption of certain preliminary measures. No fresh additions to currency should be made in rupees or rupee notes. All such additions should be in the form of gold notes or gold certificates. Thus no immediate additions to currency in the shape of gold coins will be necessary nor will it be necessary to convert the existing stock of rupees into gold. So long as this country has not built up adequate gold reserves though we have already substantial reserves to which additions can be made from year to year with balance of trade in our favour it is not necessary to make the existing token currency convertible into gold for internal purposes. A gold coin to be called mohur of same fineness and weight as the sovereign should be made the sole standard coin of this country and a mint for free coinage of gold should be established immediately. The relation of rupee to the standard coin be defined by law preferably as 15 to 1. The issue and the management of paper currency should be transferred to the Imperial Bank of India safeguarding the interests of the public. The adoption of these measures will secure both stability of prices and stability of exchange.

It seems curious to the Association that those who make such reckless allegations do not realise that they unwittingly insult the intelligence of the shareholders who, after all, form a very considerable portion of the educated and intelligent public.

MILLOWNERS AND WORKERS

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

SIR,—The tendency to decry the mill-owners for the cut of 11½ per cent in the wages of their operatives cannot be wholly justified. It is almost invariably the case everywhere for employers, great and little, to effect retrenchment in their establishments either by reduction in the number of the employees or all-round cuts in wages. It would appear, however, an anachronism at the present moment that the proteges of the Lee Commission furnish perhaps the sole exception to the rule. It is wrong to consider that the margin of income of a worker and a clerk presents a disparity overwhelmingly in favour of the former. Differences in varying degrees of the conditions of life between the two do exist but in effect the margin of income earned to meet the vital needs of either makes hardly any difference to justify sympathy exclusively for the worker judged only by the small income earned. What is needed most is how to prevent precipitous action of workers culminating in a strike in any dispute with employers over the question of cut in wages. The principle of half ae loaf is better than no bread is a healthy maxim in these days of depression in trade making for much unemployment, and one which should be borne in mind by the leaders of the aggrieved party in any negotiations for a settlement. It should follow the very modest line of how to increase the size of the loaf from its half to almost, if not its full size. If cuts in wages are necessary in other spheres of trade there would appear reason for the same in the textile trade if after exploring every avenue where economy in working costs can be effected it is still found that the mills cannot be worked except at a loss; the cuts in wages then become justifiable action on the part of millowners. One cannot also when writing on this matter dismiss entirely the statement of a mill-owner re the workers—facts which transpired in the course of an interview given to a representative of "the Chronicle." It may not be the whole truth, yet there is a modicum of truth in it and one which ought to be given due weight. My object in writing this is not to befriend the cause of the millowners as against the workers as I am a member of that numerically large body of humanity known as the middle-middle-class struggling for existence though I consider the lot of many others no whit better than myself in the great uphill struggle for an existence. What is expected of the millowners is that they must sincerely endeavour if cuts are to be made that they shall be made so as to inflict the least amount of injury on the workers in the present crisis that the textile industry in Western India is called upon to face. Earnest endeavours in this direction will help their case considerably. Meanwhile it should be the duty of Labour leaders to try too induce the workers, if hesitant on the point of continuing the strike, to resume work at the earliest possible moment, after a deputation of workers has waited upon the mill-owners at the instance of a friendly gesture from the latter body. Condemnation of one and praise for the other will not help matters. Both must give and take as we say.—Yours, etc.,

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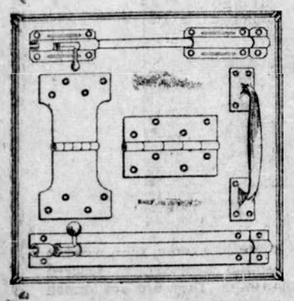

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EAST AND WEST.

FIGHT FOR OILY PLACES.

CANDID FRENCH CRITICISM

BY ARTHUR FIELD.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

The resolution of the League of Nations Council to refer the matter of the Turco-Iraq frontier to its International High Court has aroused among the anti-Turk press the utmost anger. It is not at all clear that the English have any reason to fear the attitude of the High Court towards the most powerful member of the League. Yet the mere possibility of a decision based on Turkey's manifest legal rights to the vilayet of Mosul seems sufficient to put "British Opinion" (self-appointed) in a temper or a huff.

"Very well, say in effect the tin-gods who hold the thunderbolts, and unfortunately have the power to incite wars and foment hatred, "if you will not complaisantly back our requests, we will take steps to secure our position in the disputed territory." That is the way of the democratic and constitutionalist posers all the world over. When the machine of their own construction serves their ambitions, it is tended and fed and praised. If it shows signs of developing non-automatic action the good friends of law and constitutionalism are ready to scrap the machine and resort to force.

It cannot be too often repeated that the question is not merely what the British delegation call the "disputed territory,"—that is to say, there is another and greater question than the settling of the still further grabbing of Turkish land beyond the borders of Mosul. The British ignore the entire illegality of their presence in Mosul vilayet. They pretend that there is no such fact as the line of our troops at the date of the Mudros Armistice. They shut their ears and keep on talking about "the territory beyond the Brussels Line," while all the time even the League Council is drawing attention to the occupation of the land beyond the Madras Line, in the breach of treaty, precedent and international law, from 1918 to 1924.

A PURE INVENTION.

It is this cursed blot that vitiates our claims, and has put the League in difficulties. To cover an illegal seizure, we have loaded the League with the task of discussing our treaties with Iraq, our period of military domination of Mesopotamia, our objections to plebiscites, and finally the alleged Christian massacres. Like an artful child who is resolved to resort to tears if he cannot arrive at his end by kicking shins, we are now working the Massacre tap. Somehow the tears have failed to flow in response. Everyone knows that the Nestorians have been anti-Turks and pro-British during the Great War, and after. That they are the agents and spies of the British forces. That we ourselves would condemn such a community to removal or even put it into concentration camps. And now comes the last puzzling news, direct from the Turkish authorities:—that the news, not only of massacres, but of deportation, of Nestorians or any other Christians in the frontier zone, is pure invention. No wonder the League asks, just what are we discussing, and how far do you expect the League to wander afield for reasons to give a decision in favour of British interests?

There is not even unanimity among the imperialists as to what British interests are. While some appear to think they lie in Mesopotamia, two powerful newspaper groups, the "Mail" and the "Express" proprietors, say that Britain's imperial interests lie in "clearing out of Mesopotamia." In this they are backed by a few Liberal organs as well.

A surprise in all this business is to learn from an announcement by the Turkish Embassy, that there has been no movement in respect of the Christian villages in the area, which is very properly administered by Turkey, north of the Brussels Line and south of the northern boundary claimed for Iraq by Great Britain at the Conference of Constantinople (1924) and at Brussels (1924). For we have very explicit statements from people quite friendly to Turkey, admitting some action being taken, and justifying it. One of these informants said:—"The Nestorians, ever since they saw what they thought must be the issue of the war, have seen their money interest in supporting the British and the Iraqi. They have been voluntarily emigrating in continual numbers into the (supposedly) Iraq territory. This last flight to Zakho, has only been one of these emigrations. It is a matter of money, of business, not of religion or conscience. Not even of nationality; for the Iraqi will not grant them national independence in Iraq, whatever they may do in the way of bogus autonomy."

This informant said that the Turks were thoroughly justified in getting spies and traitors out of the area of frontier disputes, or, to judge by recent remarks at the League of Nations, frontier conflicts.

An element that is often brought into the question is that of Oil. In fact our crusade for oppressed minorities and decrepit kings has been entitled "The Fight for the Oily Places." It is often declared that this is malicious and fictitious propaganda on the part of radical persons, yellow, pink or blood-red. Yet here is a sober, responsible, financial sort of journal admitting and applauding the oily crusade. Either it is true, or this financier-capitalist organ is making the same "faux pas" that certain pro-Turks have recently been making, in excusing deportations that are officially denied. Our authorities do not always maintain the close contact that is essential to a good publicity. Without further ado, I quote from the "Petroleum Times", which is jocularly referred to as "Odours of Araby". Its issue of September 19th, commenting on the criticism of England's attitude in the Mosul Question says:—"As usual much of the matter published on the subject is of a partisan and misleading character. An influential section of the Press, which is certainly not ignorant of the true facts, is taking the line of implying that the new kingdom . . . should be left to its own resource . . . Such a policy would be contrary to all British tradition. Having undertaken obligations, however onerous, it has always been British practice to keep faith." (As some readers will be suspecting the writer of sarcasm, which is the very opposite of his intention. We pass on to oil). "The ultimate result of such action would be far more costly to British interests than continuing to bear the burden that we have voluntarily assumed. . . . Every year that passes sees our dependence on eastern oil—mainly Persian—growing. . . . A serious internal trouble in Persia might imperil our oil supplies from that country for an indefinite time" etc.

All of which seems to remarkably justify the satirical criticisms of the French. Even the Special Correspondent in Paris of the same journal voices the French opinion on the subject without regard to the susceptibilities of his Editor. He says:—"If anyone wants to know how France is affected by the discussion of Mosul before the League of Nations, he can read our Paris daily papers. He will get not only some clear-cut views as to what ought to be done with Mosul, but will also obtain some critical views as to the conduct of the English people—or their Government—in petroleum matters. . . That the general tendency of French opinion among the public is in favour of the Turk there is no doubt. . . . Perhaps it was natural for the Turk to fight hard when he found his country going to be wrested from him. And he is going to fight still harder now when his power in Asia Minor is at stake also. So it becomes easy to understand one of the Paris journals saying 'The English theory for Mosul is one of imperial spoliation. It is not sufficient that hundreds of thousands of Mussulmans should be oppressed under their imperial London heel. After wresting Arabia, the Jordan, and Mesopotamia from Turkey, they now want to annex—with the assistance of the League of Nations, the District of Mosul. The aim of England is evidently to completely kill Turkey, politically and economically, although the Turkish Minister gave irresistible proofs of the strong foundations for the Turkish rights, after Amery had finished his hypocritical speech'. "Le Journal" . . . has the sentences:—"Conferences languish because the orators only drink clear water; but at the League of Nations the debate on Mosul will be fed with petrol."

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GROUP-PHOTO, WITH THE HON. MR. V. J. PATEL IN THE MIDDLE, TAKEN AT THE RECENT PARTY GIVEN BY THE PATIDAR COMMUNITY IN HIS HONOUR AT THE CONGRESS HOUSE, BOMBAY.

RYTHMIC GYMNASTICS

Courtesy: Illus Blatt.

The Helleran school for physical exercises and rythmic gymnastics: A circle of students in practice. The school is now transferred to Laxenburg near Vienna.

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ALMOST before you are aware of your peril you may find that Rheumatism has you in its merciless grip and the results of neglected or wrongfully treated Rheumatism are not pleasant to contemplate.

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COUNCIL OF STATE ELECTION

MR. PHIROZE SETHNA'S MANIFESTO

Mr. Phiroze Sethna, who is standing for re-election to the Council of State, has issued the following manifesto to his electors:—

Bombay, 7th August, 1925.

Dear Sir,

The general election for the Council of State will be held about October next and I desire to intimate that I offer myself as a candidate for re-election.

I have now been in public life for several years. I have been serving on the Bombay Municipality continuously since 1907 and filled the office of Chairman of its Standing Committee and also of President of the Corporation in the years 1912 and 1915 respectively. I have been a Port Trustee for now nearly ten years and have also been on the Board of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust for about the same length of time. I am President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber during the current year. I was elected to the present Council of State five years ago and previous to then served on the Bombay Legislative Council for about 5½ years.

During the last five years as the Debates of the Council of State will show, I have endeavoured to discharge my duties conscientiously and zealously with the single object of promoting the best interests of the country so that she may reach the goal of Swaraj and attain to the fullest height of her national development as quickly as possible. I may be permitted to refer you to what part I took in the initiation, discussion and solution of such important matters as Indianisation of the Port Trusts, increase in the number of Indian Judges in the High Courts, Indianisation of the Army, Military training of Indian people, removal of the bar against Indian students in England to being appointed to the Officers' Training Corps, repeal of Repressive Laws, decrease in the number of Executive Councillors and Ministers in certain provinces, administration of Aden remaining with the Government of Bombay, purchase of stores and various other subjects. The Taxation Committee and the Economic Enquiry Committee are the results of a resolution that I brought forward to enquire into the economic condition of the people of this country.

I trust I have merited your confidence by what I have been able to do during the last five years and on the strength of the same I therefore venture to approach you with the request that at the next election in October, you will be good enough to give me all your three votes which you are entitled to or as many of them as you possibly can.

I need hardly assure you that if I am returned again it will be my constant endeavour to champion the national cause and to do all that in me lies to promote the political, military and economic progress of India. The earliest attainment of Swaraj, the formation of a national army so that India will be able to undertake her own defence, the achievement of unity among all the Indian communities and the fullest economic development of the country.—these are the great objects which shall demand my particular attention and for the realisation of which I shall do all I can, both within and without the Council.

I believe that the political evolution of this country will have the best chance within the British Empire and so throughout my public career I have laid great stress on India remaining a component part of that mighty Empire, an ideal worth striving for and worth living for. I have therefore worked and mean to continue to work for a closer co-operation between Indians and Britishers.

BANDRA RESIDENTS' GRIEVANCES.

A public meeting of the Hindus and Mussalman citizens of Bandra was held on Sunday last at Hill Road, Cross Lane, Bandra, to protest against the recent stoppage of level crossings of the B. B. and C. I. Railway leading to the burial ground of the Muslims and the burning ground of the Hindus. Mr. Gulamhusein Ahmed Somji presided. Messrs. G. M. Gupte, Mahomed Ismail Kazi and Abdul Rehman Yacoob were among the principal speakers. Many speeches were made and the following resolutions were passed unanimously:—

(1) In view of the fact that the public have since times immemorial a right of way for all kinds of traffic over the Railway Crossing No. 18 and the Railway Company being bound by agreement with Government to maintain the same as a public thoroughfare, the serious hardships and inconveniences caused to the public especially the inhabitants of the village of Navapada, the difficulties of the Mahomedan residents in the observance of their religious practices on account of their mosque being situated on the West of the Railway line, and the cemetery of the Kasai Mahomedans being situated on the east of the Railway line, this meeting of the residents of Bandra, Hindus and Mahomedans regard the closing of the level crossing as an unwarranted interference with the vested rights of the public, calculated to wound the Mahomedans in their religious susceptibilities and affirms the Resolutions passed on the 10th September 1925 and emphatically protests and strongly object to the closing of the level crossing line No. 18 and to the interference with the rights of access to the cemeteries.

While thanking the Collector, Bombay Suburban District for trying to meet the convenience of the Mahomedans as regards their funeral and other religious processions by proposing to provide two gates on the Western side and one on the East with a V shaped crossing to be opened on notice, this meetings considers the proposals as inadequate and insufficient and is of opinion that the same should not be accepted.

(2) This meeting records its emphatic opinion that there should be at least a small wicket-gate in place of the old gate at the original level crossing of the old road to pass over the Railway lines to the burning ground.

(3) This meeting is of opinion that the Municipal Authorities acted carelessly and without any regard to the rights and interests of the public in granting the temporary permission to the Railway Company to widen the level crossing No. 18. This meeting urges the Municipality to take all necessary steps and if necessary to file a suit to protect and safeguard the rights of the public referred to in Resolution No. 1.

This meeting urges the Municipality to take necessary action to maintain the access of the residents of Navapada to the Public Roads which the Railway Company, without any regard to the hardship of the villagers have closed by their fencing.

(4) This meeting respectfully suggests the Government to rescind Resolution No. S. A. 1339 dated 26th June 1922 or at least not to bring it into operation until a suitable over bridge is provided at or near the site of level crossing No. 18 and to call on the Railway Authorities to modify their new extension of the tracts and other works so as to prevent any hardship or inconvenience to the public.

The President was authorised to send copies of the above resolutions to the Authorities concerned.

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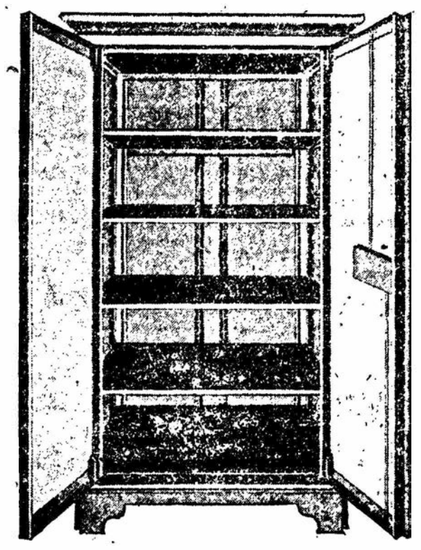

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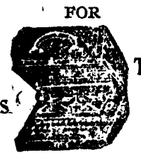

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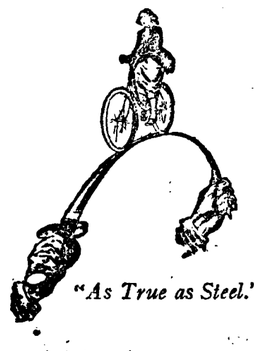

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MR. SAKLATVALA UNDAUNTED.

FORTITUDE & TRUTH HIS GREAT BULWARK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAVSARI, Oct. 10.

The following is a translation of the Gujerati letter sent to Dr. J. B. Dordi of Navsari, by Mr. Saklatvala in reply to the telegram he sent to him as President of the meeting held at Navsari last month.

"The waters of the ocean cannot be separated by the political bludgeon and the aristocratic ministers of England and the President of the U. S. of America cannot sever our ties of blood relationship and country. Your cable to me with the consolations of such a meaning has reached me Two great countries, their Governments and Press are assailing me, and I have perforce to give up my means of livelihood. Fortitude, truth and the blessings of the poor are my fortress, and at such a time the message from my home town of Navsari is like an armour to me. Your telegram reminds me of the heroic stuff of which our ancestors and our present brothers and sisters are made. I convey to you all my affection my love and my thanks."

LAND ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

GUJARAT TALUKDARS' REPRESENTATION.

The Talukdars of Ghoga and Dhanduka Talukas and some other Talukas in Gujarat have submitted their written replies to the Questionnaire of the Land Assessment Committee. The Talukdars urge, with reference to the principles of assessment in Section 107 of the Land Revenue Code that with regard to Khalsa villages we accept those principles with the proviso that "profits of agriculture" should be deemed as the "net" profits after deducting costs which should cover (1) assessment to be paid to Government, (2) cost of production including reasonable domestic expenditure of the cultivator and (3) interest on any money sunk by him in acquiring or improving his land; that is to say the assessment should be so fixed as to leave a reasonable net profit to the cultivator. With regard to the Talukdari holdings they say, differential treatment is necessary as many items of expenditure of the cost of production are shared by the Talukdar with the tenant and so the Talukdar should be left free to fix his rental with the tenant. The "Jama" from the Talukdar out of his rental for Overlordship was originally in lieu of tribute but has by systematic encroachments turned into a tax to be paid by the Talukdars to Government and has been made subject to constant enhancements. Not only has this been the case but the Talukdar, the recognized original proprietor of this land from pre-Maharatta and even pre-Moghal times has in certain respects been treated much more harshly than a direct Government tenant. So it is their emphatic opinion that either the "Jama" as it is at present, should be made permanent or if it is desirable to keep it still subject to fluctuation, a considerably lower maximum than 60 p. c. should be fixed of the assessment and in arriving at the assessment of the village of Talukdari Tenure, the land that is classed as "cultivable waste" should not be taxed at all until the time of the revision settlement, whenever that may take place. If permanent settlement of the Jama is not immediately decided on, the assessment to ascertain the value of land of such village should be based on (1) soil classification, (2) area under actual cultivation and (3) rental in kind or cash actually accruing to Talukdar after deducting costs which should include (a) share born by Talukdar in meeting production expenses, (b) Jama paid to Government, (c) other charges paid to Government (d) interest on money invested in improvement of land. That is to say, a reasonable margin, say 40 p. c. of the total assessment of his land, whether cultivated or not, should be left to the Talukdar as his share after paying (a), (b), (c) and (d) above.

The Talukdars also submit that there should be some finality to revisions. They cannot go on ad-infinitum. For Khalsa villages the assessment should be made permanent after four revisions. But the time has arrived to make the Jama of the Talukdari tenure villages permanent now and immediately.

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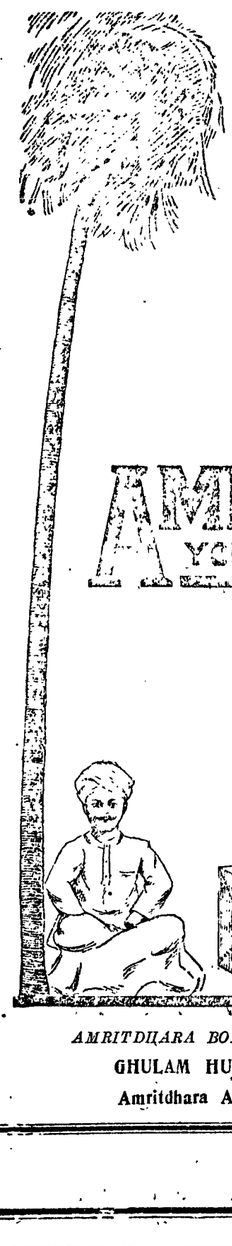

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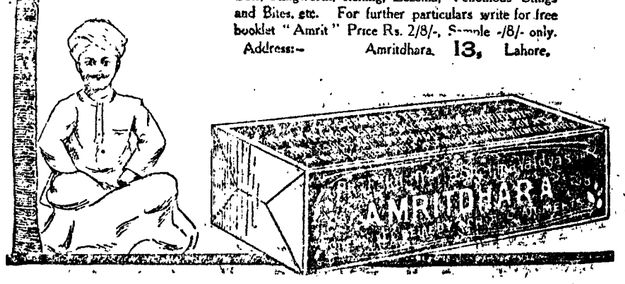

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AHMEDABAD NOTES.

G.P.C.C. AND NEW FRANCHISE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 12.

At a meeting of the Gujarath Provincial Congress Committee to consider the new Congress franchise introduced at Patna it was decided to enrol members under it till the 30th inst. and to hold the various elections to the Congress organisations on the 8th November. The meeting, further sanctioned a grant of Rs. 4,000 to the Godhra Antajya Ashram and of Rs. 2,700 to the Sadharna Sevashram in the Bardoli Taluka.

FAMINE IN GUJERAT.

The failure of rains in the latter half of August and in September has affected the crops throughout Gujerat and we are faced with a famine year. In this connection, I understand that mass petitions from individual villages for remission of revenue and other facilities in the form of cheap grain and fodder depots are proposed to be organised.

ADDRESS TO SYT. VITHALBHAI.

Shrijut Vithalbhai Patel is due to arrive here on the morning of the 14th and will be presented an address by his caste-men the same evening when an Evening Party will also be given in his honour. The local Municipality, too, I understand, contemplates presenting an address on the occasion and the draft of the same will be placed before the meeting of the General Board on the 14th inst.

ADDRESS TO THE GOVERNOR?

The Annual General Meeting of the Sanitary Association will soon the question as to whether the Association should present an address to the Governor when he visits this city in November or not. I do not know what the final decision will be but I think that the general feeling against presenting addresses to officials in general as a mere matter of conviction and without their having earned one by any specific act of theirs will be strengthened by the consideration that as the Municipality has decided not to present an address no public institution should, as far as possible, adopt a contrary course, and it will not be a matter of surprise if this view prevails.

UNTOUCHABILITY AND SCHOOLS.

A little over two years ago the Government of Bombay announced as their policy that schools maintained or aided out of public funds which refused to admit children of Depressed Classes, would be deprived of assistance from public funds. Educational officers were called upon to see that no disability was imposed on these children in any school conducted by a public authority in its own or in a hired building. Where buildings have been hired subject to the condition of exclusion of the Depressed Classes, the local authorities were to be pressed to make other arrangements free from any such condition. Similarly, where public schools were held in temples or sacred buildings, efforts were to be made to secure accommodation without delay.

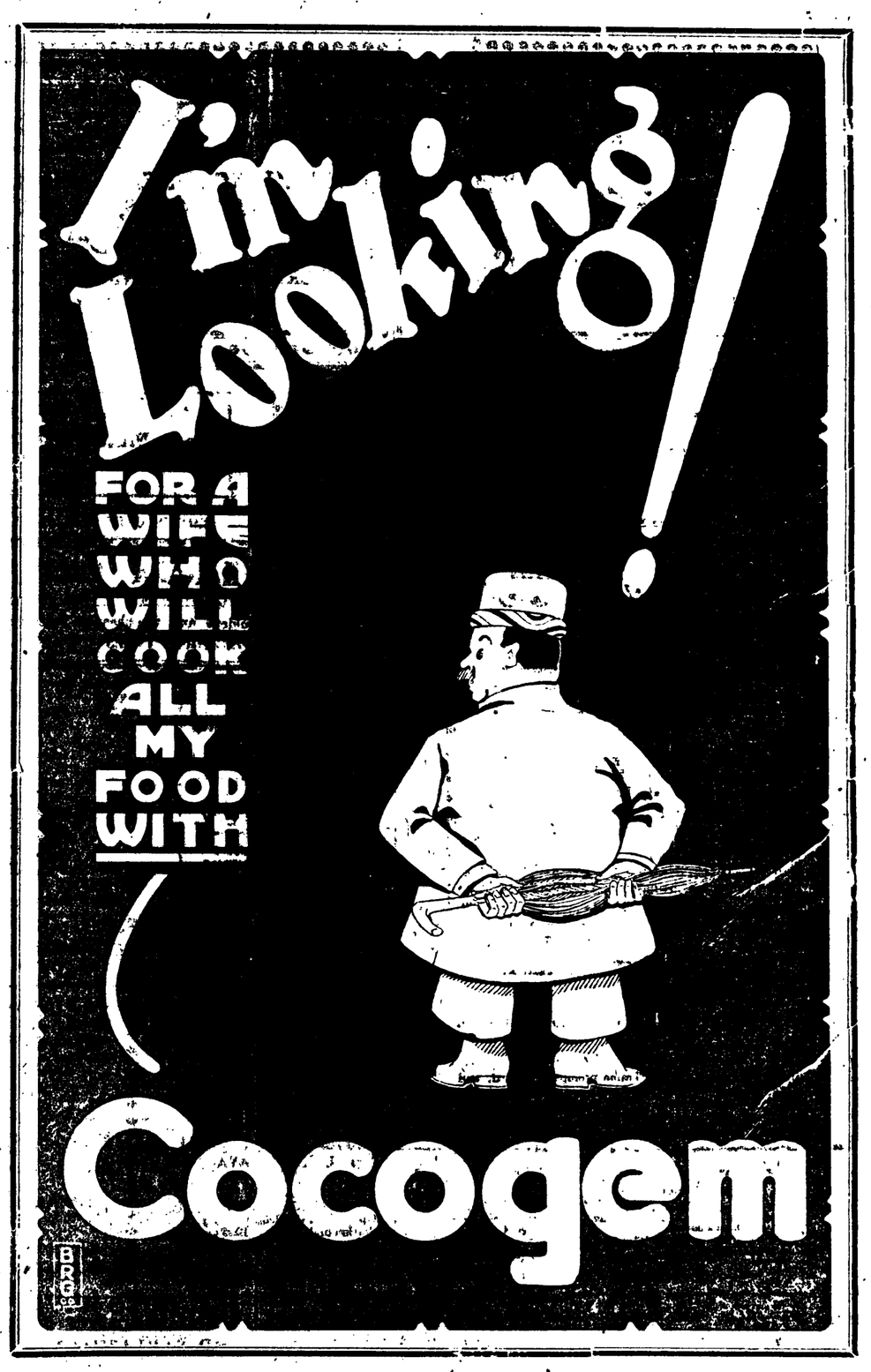
The second annual report submitted by the Director of Public Instruction in accordance with these orders shows that no complaints regarding admission to children of the Depressed Classes to schools have been reported in the Thana and Kolaba Districts. There was one instance of a school at Mohadi in Nasik District (which is held in a temple) where a depressed class boy was not allowed by the villagers to sit along with other pupils but who was admitted to a neighbouring District Local Board school. At Vinchur, in the same District, some trouble had arisen, but it was overcome by removing the school to another building. In the Ratnagiri District there were 74 schools, held in temples or private houses, to which admission was refused to these children by the villagers or owners, owing to caste prejudices. Instructions, however, have now been issued to removed the hardship at once by providing other suitable accommodation for these schools.

As regards the Central Division, admission to schools does not appear to have been refused to Depressed Class children in any district except East Khandesh. In the District Local Board schools at Pimpri and Talvada, serious difficulties were experienced. At Pimpri the school meets in a temple and at Talvada it meets a private rent-free house and the villagers strongly objected to Depressed Class children being seated in the schools along with other boys. Arrangements are being made to find suitable accommodation for these schools elsewhere.

In the case of the Northern Division no difficulty is reported to have been experienced in the Kaira and Panch Mahals Districts in admitting the Depressed Class children to schools. In the Broach and Surat Districts the opposition is reported to be dying out. The same cannot be said of Ahmedabad where the opposition on the part of the caste people prevails as before. In some cases, parents of Depressed Class children prefer their children to be seated at a distance from other pupils through fear of trouble from the higher castes, while in others they succumb to the pressure of the higher castes and prefer seating their children in verandahs or sheds.

In the case of schools which are held in temples, dharamsalas or rented houses, opposition is shown by the owners and managers. There were in all 20 such schools in the Ahmedabad District, one in Broach and three in Surat.

In the Southern Division and Sind no case is reported in which admission was refused to the children of Depressed Classes.



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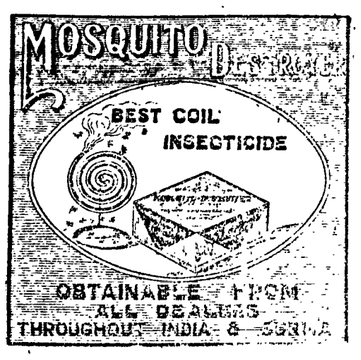

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BELGAUM NOTES.

SOUTH AFRICA DAY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, Oct. 12.

The South Africa Day was duly observed here by holding a public meeting in the Shri Maruti Temple. The meeting was convened by the Presidents of the Municipal and District Boards and of other prominent gentlemen representing different political parties and communities. Mr. P. R. Chikodi was voted to the Chair. The Resolution of protest against the proposed New Asiatic Bill was moved by Mr. M. B. Marathi, the President of the Local Branch of the Liberal Federation in a speech graphically describing the growth of the movement of race-arrogance and race-supremacy. The Resolution was unanimously carried.

KHADDAR ACTIVITIES.

As there is no regular Swaraj Party organization in the province, it seems the Patna decision will not disturb the even tenor of the working of our District Congress Committee which is concentrating only on financing Khadder activity. As a result of the concentrated labours of Sjt. Gangdhar Rao Deshpande, for the last six months his native place Hudli and other surrounding villages are showing signs of a new life. An ashram for teaching spinning and weaving has been started in a beautiful valley just near the village of Hudli. More than 500 agriculturist women have taken to regular spinning and a minute's talk with them will show that they have realised the blessings of the Khaddar movement. About 15 looms are now being worked under the personal supervision of Gangadhar Rao and the Khadi produced is showing improvement in quality without increasing the cost of production. The monthly production is nearly worth 1,000 rupees.

"WATER DIVINER."

The special expert known as the 'Water Diviner' recently imported by the Bombay Government has been placed at the disposal of the Divisional Commissioner here. It has to be seen what material gain this white elephant of a "diviner" will bring to this poor division.

The movement for a separate University for Karnatak is slowly spreading. The staff of the Lingayat High School of this place has already taken the initiative.

SANGLI NOTES.

DECCAN STATES AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SANGLI, Oct. 12.

Since last year's Deccan States Conference much interest has been taken by the general public on this side in the affairs of the Indian states. A novel feature started by the Secretaries of the Conference was the provision of a weekly supplement in Marathi with the Dnyan Prakash in Poona for ventilating the grievances of the subjects of these states. Unfortunately we find that the supplement is being utilized for showering praise on some state officials who do not deserve it at all. The funds for this supplement are provided by the subjects of the Indian states. Mr. A. V. Patwardhan, Secretary of Conference should see that the real grievances of the subjects of Sangli, Jamkhandi and other states are set out in the supplement.

DEWAN OF SANGLI.

It is understood that the official term of Mr. Athavle, the present Dewan, has been extended for one year. Mr. Athavale was a deputy Collector in the British Service and he has all the weaknesses of his tribe. He joined Sangli State as Dewan in October 1921 and has been instrumental in stifling all the public activities of the place. Newspaper criticism has been a red-rag to him and it is understood that he was against the supply of the annual state reports to the editors' tables. No achievement stands to his credit and it is high time that the chief entrusted the Dewan's office to some competent hands. An attempt has been made in the "Dnyan Prakash" of Poona to defend the extension of the Dewan but the public will not be deceived by these things.

The Gwalior Durbar has donated Rs. 6,000 to the local Willingdon College.

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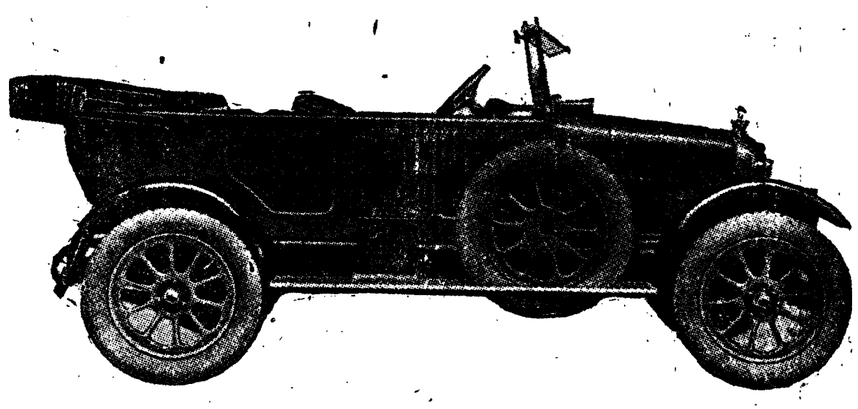

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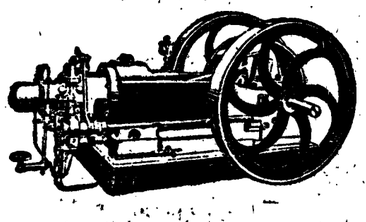

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